2025 北京丰台高三（上）期末

英　　语

2025.01

本试卷共 12 页，100 分。考试时长 90 分钟。考生务必将答案答在答题卡 上，在试卷上作答无效。考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

笔试共三部分(100 分)

第一部分知识运用(共两节，30 分)

第一节(共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A 、B 、C 、D 四个选项中， 选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

In our community, water has been scarce (稀缺的) for weeks in many homes. Thankfully, my dad's foresight blessed our home with a(n) ____1____ well that provides us with fresh water every day.

One Sunday, we arrived home from a wedding. There were our ____2____ neighbours, sitting among a pile of buckets, bottles, and anything they could fill water in. Concern immediately filled my heart. Upon enquiry, they replied they had been ____3____ for the water truck in the baking heat for hours.

Seeing these, I remembered the community spirit of "I am because we are". I felt an urge to ____4____ our neighbours. My family all agreed with me. We ____5____ them to collect water from our well. We opened the gate and connected the hosepipe.

Very quickly, the word spread, and old and young from the community ____6____ to collect water with various-sized containers. It was a feel-good moment for me and heartwarming to watch the young help the elderly carry their water home before ____7____ for their own buckets.

Finally, the water truck arrived. By that time we must have provided water for around 50-plus people, which made them ____8____ and grateful. We also arranged a time for them to come the following day if there was still no water available.

And as long as our family's well is working, we ____9____ our spirit. It is the fundamental recognition that individual acts of kindness will spread and grow into a ____10____ that can overcome even the severest shortages. We are stronger together.

1. A. ancient	B. popular	C. precious	D. abandoned
2. A. desperate	B. polite	C. kind	D. bored
3. A. searching	B. waiting	C. planning	D. applying
4. A. help	B. observe	C. visit	D. forgive
5. A. drove	B. taught	C. encouraged	D. challenged
6. A. struggled	B. volunteered	C. hesitated	D. gathered
7. A. looking	B. returning	C. asking	D. sending
8. A. amused	B. free	C. proud	D. relieved
9. A. identify	B. understand	C. practise	D. learn

10. A. style B. symbol C. concept D. force

第二节(共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

A

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个 恰当的单词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

Travel can slow the aging process. Tourism ____11____ (play) an important role in social engagement, appreciating nature, physical health and healthy diet. Beautiful landscapes like forests or ____12____ (beach) can help us reduce stress, boost our mental well-being and promote physical activity. Enough ____13____ (expose) to other tourists, locals or even animals can improve our mood and enhance cognitive function.

B

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个 恰当的单词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

Recently, fridge magnets inspired by the phoenix coronet (凤冠) ____14____ (become) a hit on social media. There are a flood of posts ____15____ (share) purchase experiences, attracting large crowds to the museum shop. The magnets come in both wood and metal styles, and are delicately made ____16____ (reflect) the coronet's original design.This cultural phenomenon is both encouraging and challenging, ____17____ demonstrates the huge potential in the market for cultural and creative products.

C

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个 恰当的单词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

I was at the mall food court with my Mom, when we realized that we didn't get our forks.She asked me to go back to the cashier and ask for a couple of forks. But I would rather have eaten ____18____ my hands than go through that experience. I refused my mother, who then ____19____ (drag) me to the line and made me ask. Anyway, we got the forks, and I was left feeling pretty ____20____ (shake) up by the entire experience.

第二部分阅读理解(共两节，38 分)

第一节(共 14 小题；每小题 2 分，共 28 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项， 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Writing Magazine Competition Launches!

OPEN:PASTTIMES Stories or creative non-fiction (1,500-1,700 words)set any time before 1980.Prizes f200/f50. Entry fee:f7.50 Closing date:15 January	SUBSCRIBER-ONLY:LIFESAVER Stories(1,500—1,700 words)where someone saves a life—literally or metaphorically (隐喻地). Prizes f100/f25. Entry is free. Closing date:15 January

REF CODE:WRO/March24/Pasttimes	REF CODE:WRO/March28/Lifesaver

Qualification

All entries must be the original work of the entrant (参赛者), and not currently submitted for publication nor for any other competition or award. Open Competitions are open to any writer, who can submit as many entries as they choose.The entry fee is f7.50. Subscriber-only Competitions are open only to subscribers (订阅者) of Writing Magazine, and entry is free.

Manuscripts (稿件)

Entries must be typed in double spacing on single sides of A4 paper with a front page stating your contact details,and your story or poem on the second page. Entries will be returned if accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. Entries to poetry competitions cannot be returned. Entrants keep the copyright in their manuscripts. You are advised not to send the only copy of your manuscript.

Competition Judging

Competition judges will be appointed by Writing Magazine. The judges' decision will be final with no correspondence being entered into.

Notification (通知)

Winners will be notified within three months of closing date, after which date unplaced entries may be submitted elsewhere. Winning entries may not be submitted elsewhere without permission of Writing Magazine, who keeps the right to publish winning entries in any form.

21. If you want to join the Open Competitions, you should_____.

A. pay an entry fee off 7.5.　　B. write a lifesaver story.

C. be a subscriber of the magazine.　　D. write under 1,500 words.

22. In the competitions, all entries_____.

A. can be typed in single spacing.　　B. cannot be returned.

C. should include contact information.　　D. will be judged by subscribers.

23. What can we learn about the winners of the competitions?

A. Their entries will be published soon.

B. They will be informed before 15 April.

C. Their entries can compete for other awards.

D. They can sell the copyright to the magazine.

B

The great elephant stands in the hot African sun. Slowly the beast lifts its head and its thick trunk delicately curls around the leaves of a nearby tree, pulling out the leaves and politely slipping them into its mouth.

The beast's great grey skin is partly broken and aged from the African sun. Some mud drops on one side from its last trip to a nearby river. Its rough hair sticks out from all over its skin and two large, white tusks curve elegantly from either side of its mouth.

Somewhere a lion roars and something else gives a loud high shout. A vulture (秃鹫) drifts over far above this world, barely a black dot in the sky. The buzzing of the countless bush insects seems to collectively shift up in high tune, almost like the whole of the savanna (热带草原) was singing some song that only they knew.

I peer through the lens (镜头) at this scene. The zoom lens shows almost every detail of the elephant: the three small cuts in its left ear from playing as a baby around thorn trees, the scar down its front leg where a lion caught it unaware as a young adult, and weathering on its great, valuable tusks from decades of living in this unforgiving grassland on a dusty continent.

And then the elephant looks at me.

It looks at me with those big, eyelashed eyes with a warmth coming outwards from a vast, hidden depth there. I can suddenly feel its soul, and feel the line of elephants that came before this one, trailing back to the very beginnings of this great savanna. We will never understand what wonders this ancient being and its kind have seen and whispered to each other across the ages on this old, sacred grassland.

It looks at me, and it looks through me and sees me.

The elephant knows I am there. It always did. It is not running away, nor is it fighting. It accepts and forgives. It loves. But, mostly, it just feels sad. It feels sorry for me. I cannot do this anymore.

I take my eye off the sights and hand the gun back to my partner. “Let’s go home,” I said in a quiet voice, “let’s just go home.”

24. According to the first two paragraphs, which word can best describe the elephant?

A. Mysterious. B. Depressed. C. Aggressive. D. Graceful.

25. When the author sees through the lens, he is_____.

A. deeply moved and filled with sympathy

B. overwhelmed by the elephant’s strength

C. annoyed at the presence of other animals

D. shocked and scared by the elephant’s scars

26. What does the author intend to do initially?

A. Take a picture.

B. Observe the elephant.

C. Hunt the elephant.

D. Study African grassland.

27. What can we learn from the passage?

A. Nature calms our anger.

B. Nature purifies our souls.

C. Nature heals our wounds.

D. Nature enriches our imagination.

C

On May 4, 2017, 395 migratory (迁徙的) birds died after crashing into a tall building in Galveston, Texas. Their migration routes are full of danger — including bright city lights. Every year, millions of birds are thought to be killed in building collisions in the US.

The scene of the mass collision in Galveston was a skyscraper which has four corner spotlights and glowing green LED lights around the top. The influence of artificial lights in urban spaces is a well-known phenomenon among birds, but is still not fully understood. Birds tend to migrate by night, and use the stars to navigate. During nocturnal (夜间的) migration, they are often seen gathering around or crashing into lit-up windows or gathering around beams of projected light. The artificial glow of cities appears to attract them for stopovers. One explanation is that they may generally fly towards light sources, but also, that the artificial light confuses, traps and disorients them.

Every tragedy is an opportunity to educate. The accident prompted bird conservation organisations to take action and jointly develop a science-based response. Several campaigns encouraged building owners and developers to switch off non-essential lighting to help travelling birds. Soon the first Lights Out for Birds programme was formed,

which has now expanded into the statewide. Meanwhile, the Cornell Lab of Ornithology developed a way to forecast bird migration during specific times and locations, using radar. The resulting BirdCast migration forecast maps are freely accessible. Their live migration map allows anyone to check how many birds are migrating now, and where, as well as how many are predicted to pass in the near future. For one night in October, they recorded a "billion bird night", with that number or more birds passing in a single night.

Andrew Farnsworth, a migration ecologist said that early data collection suggests that Light Out is effective, even with the limited data and uncontrollable factors. Moreover, Farnsworth points out protecting species that move presents special challenges for researchers and conservationists. Migrating birds can travel thousands of kilometres, crossing and stopping in many different habitats, traversing borders, and flying through cities — which are continuing to grow around the world.

There is no single solution to helping migrating birds. Instead, spreading awareness, empathy and efficient enforcement are all crucial in keeping birds safe and avoiding collisions. "We need to keep our connection to nature through our eyes, ears, nose, whatever to experience the core of all this research and observation."

28. According to the passage, why do the migrating birds hit the buildings?

A. Their routes are blocked by tall buildings.
B. They attempt to avoid potential dangers.
C. They are affected by the artificial lights.
D. Their migration patterns have changed.

29. What can we learn from the passage?

A. Light Out is thought to be helpful despite data limitations.
B. BirdCast needs further improvement in tracking accuracy.
C. Light Out can guide migrating birds away from artificial lights.
D. BirdCast can predict the number and species of migrating birds.

30. As for helping migrating birds,which would the author agree with?

A. It is worthwhile to improve Light Out.
B. It is necessary to make effective regulations.
C. It is crucial to work out a one-button solution.
D. It is essential to integrate multiple aspects' effort.

D

The 2024 Nobel Prize in Physics was awarded for machine learning development and the Chemistry Nobel was for protein structure prediction via AI. Some said the physics prize wasn't really physics. "AI is coming for science, too," the New York Times concluded. With powerful large language models, AIs can generate various outputs and even make Nobel-winning discoveries. But have AIs really taken over science?

To begin with, the physics prize went to Hinton and John Hopfield, a physicist, who discovered how the physical dynamics of a network can encode memory. Hopfield came up with an intuitive analogy: a ball, rolling across a bumpy landscape, will often "remember" to return to the same lowest valley. Hinton's work extended Hopfield's model. In short, the Physics Nobel was awarded for fundamental research about the physical principles of information, not the broad umbrella of "AI" and its applications.

Meanwhile, the Chemistry Nobel was awarded to biochemist David Baker and DeepMind researchers Demis Hassabis and John Jumper. Baker first developed software to design novel protein structures from scratch. Yet by 2018, of the roughly 200 million proteins cataloged in all genetic databases, only about 150, 000 had confirmed structures. Then Hassabis and Jumper introduced AlphaFold, which provided accurate folding structures for the rest.

But even so, the AI has failed to predict defects in proteins. It's not a catholicon for every problem in protein folding, but rather an excellent tool.

Many of these tools have disappeared into their uses. We rarely pause to consider the transistor (晶体管) (for which the 1956 physics prize was awarded) when we use electronics containing them by the billions. Some powerful machine-learning features are already on this path. The neural networks that provide accurate language translation or song recommendations in popular consumer software programs are simply part of the service. In science, as in so many other domains, this trend suggests that when AI tools become commonplace, they will fade into the background, too.

Still a reasonable concern might be that such automation threatens the efforts of human scientists. As AI becomes essential to further scientific progress, will any prizes recognize work truly free of AI?

AI can revolutionize science. It has already helped us see proteins with previously unimaginable clarity. Soon AIs may dream up new molecules for batteries. In short, they may do many things, some of which previously seemed impossible. But they have a crucial limitation tied to something wonderful about science: its empirical dependence on the real world, which cannot be overcome by computation alone.

Science also needs experimenters — human experts driven to study the universe, and who will ask questions an AI cannot. Physics — its core ethos is "that the world is understandable" in quantitative, predictive terms solely by careful experiment and observation. That real world still exists for future scientists to study, whether aided by AI or not.

31. Regarding the Nobel Prize in Physics, the author might think _____.

A. it should have been awarded to more physicists

B. it aims to encourage physicists to engage in AI research

C. it is a recognition of the broad applications of AI in physics

D. it is justified for its focus on physical principles of information

32. What does the word "catholicon" underlined in Paragraph 3 probably mean?

A. A final solution.　　B. A big improvement.

C. A complete cure-all.　　D. A common obstacle.

33. What can we learn from this passage?

A. AI tools are restricted to specific scientific branches.

B. AI tools will become less noticeable once widely used.

C. AI will overcome its dependence on real-world experience.

D. AI poses a threat on traditional methods of scientific inquiry.

34. What would be the best title for this passage?

A. AI and Science: Revolution or Evolution?

B. Is AI Coming to End Scientific Exploration?

C. AI and Science: A New Era of Collaboration?

D. Is AI Dominant in Nobel-Winning Discoveries?

第二节(共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

根据短文内容，从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项， 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Hesitation as intuition (直觉)

You've thought about it. You've made your decision and then.….you hesitate. Your mouse hovers over the "purchase now" button, you've written the text but can't quite bring yourself to press "send". You hesitate. ____35____

Our culture values doing. We're constantly urged to "go for it." But what if hesitation is not a sign of weakness but rather a valuable signal? ____36____ But we don't always make it a practice to listen to our bodies. When we do pay attention, we have access to a lot of nonrational information including our intuition. If you notice yourself hesitating, it might mean a part of you isn't quite sure. Hesitation can be the body's way of alerting us to overlooked details or concealed information that could be crucial to our choice.

Since hesitation can carry such significance, it becomes essential to understand the nature of the signals our bodies send. Although distinguishing between intuition and fear or anxiety is not easy, when we cultivate the habit of self-awareness and understand our fears, we can begin to decipher (辨认) the messages behind our hesitation. Moreover, our rational minds have their limitations. ____37____ Therefore, by integrating our emotions and physical sensations into the decision-making process, we access a more comprehensive understanding.

To make more informed decisions, we can employ specific strategies. One way that we can help ourselves with a specific decision is to notice when there's hesitation and, if you have the time, wait. ____38____ Another interesting way to look at making a decision is to walk up to the door of it. Take action as if you had already made the decision. And before it's too late, notice how it feels to walk that path. That may give you more information than thinking ever could.

____39____ By integrating both rational and intuitive elements, we can handle the complex choices with greater confidence and clarity.

A. It's easy to miss intuitive signals when we are moving from thinking minds.

B. They work within fixed frameworks that might not match the complex reality.

C. While our minds are undoubtedly powerful, our bodies also hold a wealth of wisdom.

D. In nature, the key to effective decision-making lies in seeing hesitation as a help.

E. Check back in with the decision you thought you made and see if anything differs.

F. Hesitation means your intuition is trying to speak to you from deep inner place.

G. This hesitation is common yet often overlooked in our decision-making process.

第三部分书面表达(共两节，32 分)

第一节(共 4 小题；第 40、41 题各 2 分，第 42 题 3 分，第 43 题 5 分，共 12 分)

阅读下面短文，根据题目要求用英文回答问题。请在答题卡指定区域作答。

We often seek fulfilling relationships for happiness, yet forget it lies within us. But have you ever wondered that with so many advocates of self-love, why haven't we been able to love ourselves? Self-love is the root of all your healthy relationships. The stronger your roots are, the more difficult it will be for winds to knock down the branches. Self-love, in its nature, is to truly accept who you are and what your worth is.

The key elements of self-love are essential. Self-acceptance is foremost, as our imperfections, insecurities, and perfections shape our unique personality. Self-compassion is equally vital. We must forgive ourselves for mistakes, failed goals, and setbacks, treating ourselves with the same empathy we show our dearest. Also, self-care matters. Since relying on others' care is impractical, only we can provide the best care for ourselves.

Self-love and healthy relationships cannot be separated. Actually, self-love is the very core of any healthy relationship.

First of all, self-love empowers us to define relationship boundaries. Knowing our worth enables us to tell what we'll accept, having a clear grasp of our needs, values, and limits. For example, an efficient administrative assistant is often asked by colleagues to handle all the paperwork and scheduling tasks. But with self-love, she knows to balance her own core work and personal development. She offers reasonable assistance, not taking on the entire workload, setting boundaries as she understands her value and the importance of a balanced team.

Moreover, self-love is vital in conflict resolution in a relationship. When people truly love themselves, they have a healthier understanding of everything. They have more confidence and self-esteem to be able to voice their opinions. When conflicts arise, a person with self-love and self-awareness will approach the situation calmly and respectfully, considering the well-being of all people involved.

Ultimately, self-love is the compass guiding us to personal satisfaction and harmonious connections. Cultivating this love paves the way for balanced, respectful relationships, enriching our lives and those around us.

40. What is the nature of self-love?

_____

41. What are the key elements of self-love according to the passage?

_____

42. Please decide which part is false in the following statement,then underline it and explain why.

>When conflicts arise, a person with self-love will approach the situation in a self-interested way.

_____

43. How can self-love benefit you in your daily life?(In about 40 words)

_____

第二节(20 分)

44. 假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。你的外国好友 Jim 准备给其校报的 Global Challenges and Youth Actions (全球挑战与青年行动) 栏目投稿。他发来邮件询问你的建议。请你用英文给他回复，内容包括：

1.建议投稿内容；

2.就以上建议简要说明理由。

注意：(1)词数 100 左右；

(2)开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jim,

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Yours,

Li Hua

参考答案

笔试共三部分(100 分)

第一部分知识运用(共两节，30 分)

【答案】1. C　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. C　6. D　7. B　8. D　9. C　10. D

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了在社区很多家庭缺水数周的情况下，作者家因父亲的先见之明拥有一口珍贵的井，每日能提供淡水。一个周日，作者一家参加婚礼归来，看到邻居们顶着酷热等水车许久，心生怜悯。作者一家决定打开家门，让邻居们从自家井里取水，消息传开，社区老少纷纷前来。作者目睹年轻人帮老人提水，场面温馨。

【1 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：谢天谢地，我爸爸的远见使我们家有了一口珍贵的井，每天为我们提供淡水。A. ancient 古代的；B. popular 流行的；C. precious 宝贵的；D. abandoned 废弃的。根据上文“water has been scarce (稀缺的) for weeks in many homes”提到许多家庭已经缺水好几个星期了，以及下文“provides us with fresh water every day”由此可知，此处应表示爸爸的远见使我们家有了一口珍贵的井，每天为我们提供淡水。故选 C 项。

【2 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我们绝望的邻居坐在一堆水桶、瓶子和任何可以装水的东西中间。A. desperate 绝望的；B. polite 礼貌的；C. kind 善良的；D. bored 无聊的。根据下文“they replied they had been ____3____ for the water truck in the baking heat for hours.”由此可知，此处应表示绝望的邻居坐在一堆水桶、瓶子和任何可以装水的东西中间。故选 A 项。

【3 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：经过询问，他们回答说，他们已经在炎热的天气里等了几个小时的水车了。A. searching 搜寻；B. waiting 等待；C. planning 计划；D. applying 申请，运用。根据下文“for the water truck in the baking heat for hours.”以及后文“Finally, the water truck arrived.”提到水车来了，由此可知，此处应表示他们已经在炎热的天气里等了几个小时的水车了。故选 B 项。

【4 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我有一种帮助邻居的冲动。A. help 帮助；B. observe 观察；C. visit 拜访；D. forgive 原谅。根据上文“Seeing these, I remembered the community spirit of “I am because we are”.”提到社区精神，由此可知，此处应表示作者有一种帮助邻居的冲动。故选 A 项。

【5 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我们鼓励他们从我们的井里取水。A. drove 开车；B. taught 教；C. encouraged 鼓励；D. challenged 挑战。根据下文“We opened the gate and connected the hosepipe.”由此可知，此处应表示作者鼓励他们从他们家的井里取水。故选 C 项。

【6 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：很快，消息传开了，社区里的老人和年轻人聚集在一起，用各种大小的容器收

集水。A. struggled 挣扎；B. volunteered 志愿做；C. hesitated 犹豫；D. gathered 聚集。根据句意以及上文“Very quickly, the word spread, and old and young from the community…”由此可知，此处应表示消息传开了，社区里的老人和年轻人聚集在一起，用各种大小的容器收集水。故选 D 项。

【7 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：看着年轻人帮助老人把水搬回家，然后再去拿自己的水桶，这对我来说是一个感觉很好的时刻，也很温暖。A. looking 看；B. returning 返回；C. asking 问；D. sending 寄。根据上文“the young help the elderly carry their water home before”以及下文“for their own buckets”由此可知，此处应表示年轻人帮助老人把水搬回家，然后再去拿自己的水桶。故选 B 项。

【8 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：到那时，我们应该已经为大约 50 多人提供了水，这让他们感到宽慰和感激。A. amused 被逗乐的；B. free 自由的；C. proud 自豪的；D. relieved 宽慰的。根据上文“we must have provided water for around 50-plus people”以及下文“grateful”由此可知，此处应表示我们应该已经为大约 50 多人提供了水，这让他们感到宽慰和感激。故选 D 项。

【9 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：只要我们家的井还在运转，我们就在实践我们的精神。A. identify 识别；B. understand 理解；C. practise 实践；D. learn 学习。根据上文“And as long as our family’s well is working”由此可知，此处应表示只要作者家的井还在运转，作者就在实践他们的精神。故选 C 项。

【10 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：这是一种基本的认识，即个人的善良行为会传播并成长为一种力量，甚至可以克服最严重的不足。A. style 风格；B. symbol 象征；C. concept 概念；D. force 力量。根据句意以及下文“that can overcome even the severest shortages”由此可知，此处应表示个人的善良行为会传播并成长为一种力量，甚至可以克服最严重的不足。故选 D 项。

第二节(共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

【答案】11. plays

12. beaches

13. exposure

【导语】这是一篇说明文。主要介绍了旅行可以延缓衰老过程。

【11 题详解】

考查时态和主谓一致。句意：旅游在社会参与、欣赏自然、身体健康和健康饮食方面发挥着重要作用。此处为谓语动词的填入，该句为阐述客观事实，为一般现在时，主语 Tourism 为不可数名词，所以为动词三单形式。故填 plays。

【12 题详解】

考查名词复数形式。句意：美丽的风景，如森林或海滩，可以帮助我们减轻压力，促进我们的精神健康，促进身体活动。根据句意以及 or 连接的 forests 为复数名词可知，此处也应为复数名词，保持并列结构。故填 beaches。

【13 题详解】

考查名词。句意：其他游客、当地人甚至动物有足够的接触可以改善我们的情绪，增强认知功能。由空前 Enough 为形容词可知，此处为名词形式，expose 的名词为 exposure“接触”，为不可数名词。故填 exposure。

【答案】14. have become

15. sharing

16. to refelect

17. which

【导语】这是一篇新闻报道，文章主要讲述了以凤冠为灵感的冰箱贴在社交媒体上流行的现象及其市场潜力。

【14 题详解】

考查时态。句意：最近，以凤冠为灵感的冰箱贴在社交媒体上成为了一种流行趋势。根据上下文时间状语“Recently”可知，应用现在完成时。主语为 magnets，属于复数形式，助动词用 have。故填 have become。

【15 题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：社交媒体上充斥着分享购买经历的帖子，吸引了大批人群光顾博物馆商店。分析句子结构可知，share 应使用非谓语动词形式，posts 与 share 之间是逻辑上的主动关系，故用现在分词 sharing。故填 sharing。

【16 题详解】

查非谓语动词。句意：这些冰箱贴有木质和金属两种款式，制作精美，用以反映凤冠的原始设计。be made to do sth 用以做某事。动词不定式做主语补足语。故填 to reflect。

【17 题详解】

考查定语从句。句意：这种文化现象既令人鼓舞又充满挑战，它展示了文化创意产品市场的巨大潜力。此处为非限制性定语从句，先行词为 This cultural phenomenon，且在从句中作主语，故用关系代词 which。故填 which。

【答案】18. with

19. dragged

20. shaken

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了作者和妈妈去购物中心的美食广场吃饭时发生的事情。

【18 题详解】

考查介词。句意：但我宁愿用手吃饭，也不愿经历那种经历。此处为固定短语 with hands“用手做……”，满足句意要求，所以此处为介词 with 的填入。故填 with。

【19 题详解】

考查动词时态。句意：我拒绝了母亲的要求，她把我拖到排队的地方，让我索要。此处为 who 引导非限制性定语从句中谓语动词的填入，根据 and 连接的动词 made 可知，句子时态应为一般过去时，空格处填入过去式。故填 dragged。

【20 题详解】

考查形容词。句意：不管怎样，我们拿到了餐叉，这整个经历让我感到非常震惊。根据句意以及空前 feeling 为系动词可知，此处为形容词 shaken“受震惊的”作表语，满足句意要求。故填 shaken。

第二部分阅读理解(共两节，38 分)

第一节(共 14 小题；每小题 2 分，共 28 分)

【答案】21. A　22. C　23. B

【导语】这是一篇应用文，文章介绍了 Writing Magazine 举办的比赛，包括投稿要求、费用、截止日期和评审标准。

【21 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Open Competitions are open to any writer, who can submit as many entries as they choose. The entry fee is f7.50.(公开比赛向任何作家开放，他们可以提交任意数量的参赛作品。报名费为 7.50 英镑)”可知，如果你想参加公开比赛，你需要支付 7.50 英镑的报名费。故选 A。

【22 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Entries must be typed in double spacing on single sides of A4 paper with a front page stating your contact details, and your story or poem on the second page.(参赛作品必须以双倍行距打在一面 A4 纸上，首页上注明您的联系方式，第二页写上您的故事或诗歌)”可知，所有参赛作品应该包括联系信息。故选 C。

【23 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Closing date:15 January(截止日期：1 月 15 日)”以及根据文章最后一段“Winners will be notified within three months of closing date.(获奖者将在截止日期后 3 个月内收到通知)”可知，参加比赛的获奖者将在 4 月 15 日之前被通知。故选 B。

【答案】24. D　25. A　26. C　27. B

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了作者在非洲草原，透过镜头观察一头大象。大象在烈日下进食，其皮肤因日晒而斑驳，身上带着过往的伤痕。当大象看向作者时，作者仿佛感受到其灵魂及背后的历史传承。从大象的眼神中，作者感受到它的接纳、原谅、悲伤与怜悯。最终，作者放下手中的枪，决定回家，放弃伤害大象的行为。

【24 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段中“Slowly the beast lifts its head and its thick trunk delicately curls around the leaves of a nearby tree, pulling out the leaves and politely slipping them into its mouth.(它慢慢地抬起头，它粗壮的鼻子巧妙地卷曲在附近一棵树的叶子上，把叶子抽出来，礼貌地塞进嘴里)”以及第二段中“Its rough hair sticks out from all over its skin and two large, white tusks curve elegantly from either side of its mouth.(它粗糙的毛发从皮肤上伸出来，两根巨大的白色象牙从嘴的两侧优雅地弯曲着)”可推知，根据前两段内容，大象的动作是优雅的。故选 D 项。

【25 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第四段“I peer through the lens (镜头) at this scene. The zoom lens shows almost every detail

of the elephant: the three small cuts in its left ear from playing as a baby around thorn trees, the scar down its front leg where a lion caught it unaware as a young adult, and weathering on its great, valuable tusks from decades of living in this unforgiving grassland on a dusty continent.(我透过镜头看这个场景。变焦镜头几乎展示了这头大象的每一个细节：它的左耳上有三个小伤口，这是它小时候在荆棘树下玩耍时留下的，它的前腿上有一个伤疤，那是它年轻时被狮子在不知道的情况下抓住的，它那又大又珍贵的象牙上有几十年生活在这片尘土飞扬的大陆上无情的草原上的风化)”以及第六段中“It looks at me with those big, eyelashed eyes with a warmth coming outwards from a vast, hidden depth there. I can suddenly feel its soul, and feel the line of elephants that came before this one, trailing back to the very beginnings of this great savanna.(它用那双长着睫毛的大眼睛看着我，从那巨大而隐蔽的深处发出一种温暖。我能突然感受到它的灵魂，感受到在这头大象之前的大象群，一直追溯到这片大草原的起源)”可推知，当作者透过镜头看的时候，他是深深感动并充满同情。故选 A 项。

【26 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“I take my eye off the sights and hand the gun back to my partner. “Let’s go home,” I said in a quiet voice, “let’s just go home.”(我把视线从瞄准具上移开，把枪还给了我的搭档。“我们回家吧，”我轻声说，“我们就回家吧。”)”可推知，作者最初打算猎杀大象。故选 C 项。

【27 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章大意，尤其第六段中“I can suddenly feel its soul, and feel the line of elephants that came before this one, trailing back to the very beginnings of this great savanna. We will never understand what wonders this ancient being and its kind have seen and whispered to each other across the ages on this old, sacred grassland.(我能突然感受到它的灵魂，感受到在这头大象之前的大象群，一直追溯到这片大草原的起源。我们永远无法理解，在这片古老而神圣的草原上，这只古老的生物和它的同类在多少世纪以来看到了什么奇迹，并彼此低语着什么)”和最后一段“I take my eye off the sights and hand the gun back to my partner. “Let’s go home,” I said in a quiet voice, “let’s just go home.”(我把视线从瞄准具上移开，把枪还给了我的搭档。“我们回家吧，”我轻声说，“我们就回家吧。”)”可推知，我们能从文章中领悟到自然可以净化我们的灵魂。故选 B 项。

【答案】28. C　29. A　30. D

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述了城市中的人工灯光对鸟类迁徙的影响，介绍了科学家和保护组织开展一些项目，通过管理灯光来减少鸟类的碰撞。

【28 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第二段中“Birds tend to migrate by night, and use the stars to navigate. During nocturnal (夜间的) migration, they are often seen gathering around or crashing into lit-up windows or gathering around beams of projected light.(鸟类倾向于在夜间迁徙，并通过星星导航。在夜间迁徙时，它们经常会聚集在或撞击到明亮的窗户或聚集在投射光束周围)”可知，迁徙的鸟类受到人工灯光的影响而撞上了建筑物。故选 C。

【29 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章第四段中“Andrew Farnsworth, a migration ecologist said that early data collection

suggests that Light Out is effective, even with the limited data and uncontrollable factors.(迁徙生态学家 Andrew Farnsworth 表示，早期的数据收集表明，‘熄灯’计划是有效的，尽管数据有限且有不可控因素)”可知，尽管数据有限，“熄灯”计划被认为是有帮助的。故选 A。

【30 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章最后一段“There is no single solution to helping migrating birds. Instead, spreading awareness, empathy and efficient enforcement are all crucial in keeping birds safe and avoiding collisions.(帮助迁徙鸟类没有单一的解决方案。相反，传播意识、同情心和有效的执行力在保护鸟类安全和避免碰撞方面都至关重要)”可知，作者认为整合多方面的努力是必需的。故选 D。

【答案】31. D　32. C　33. B　34. B

【导语】这是一篇议论文。文章围绕 2024 年诺贝尔物理学奖和化学奖与 AI 的关联，探讨 AI 是否真的接管了科学。物理学奖实则是奖励关于信息物理原理的基础研究，并非 AI 及其应用。化学奖中，AI 虽助力蛋白质结构预测，但仍有局限，并非万能。AI 工具在科学等领域会逐渐平常化并退居幕后。人们担忧 AI 自动化威胁人类科学家的努力，未来是否有奖项认可无 AI 参与的研究。AI 虽能革新科学，却因依赖现实世界存在局限。科学仍需人类专家，通过实验和观察去探索宇宙，提出 AI 无法提出的问题。

【31 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“In short, the Physics Nobel was awarded for fundamental research about the physical principles of information, not the broad umbrella of “AI” and its applications.(简而言之，诺贝尔物理学奖授予了关于信息物理原理的基础研究，而不是“人工智能”及其应用的大保护伞。)”可知，关于诺贝尔物理学奖，作者可能会认为它是合理的，因为它关注的是信息的物理原理。故选 D 项。

【32 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据第三段中“But even so, the AI has failed to predict defects in proteins.(但即便如此，人工智能也未能预测蛋白质的缺陷。)”以及划线单词句中“It’s not a …for every problem in protein folding, but rather an excellent tool.(它并不是解决蛋白质折叠中所有问题的……，而是一个很好的工具。)”由此可知，此处为它并不是解决蛋白质折叠中所有问题的灵丹妙药。故可猜测划线单词 catholicon 为“灵丹妙药”的意思，和 C 选项 A complete cure-all“包治百病”意思相近。故选 C 项。

【33 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第四段中“In science, as in so many other domains, this trend suggests that when AI tools become commonplace, they will fade into the background, too.(在科学领域，就像在许多其他领域一样，这一趋势表明，当人工智能工具变得司空见惯时，它们也会消失在背景中。)”可知，我们能从文章中了解到人工智能工具一旦被广泛使用，将变得不那么引人注目。故选 B 项。

【34 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据文章大意以及第一段中“With powerful large language models, AIs can generate various outputs and even make Nobel-winning discoveries. But have AIs really taken over science?(凭借强大的大型语言模型，人工智能可以产生各种输出，甚至可以获得诺贝尔奖的发现。但是人工智能真的接管了科学吗？)”和最后一段“Science also needs experimenters—human experts driven to study the universe, and who will ask

questions an AI cannot. Physics—its core ethos is “that the world is understandable” in quantitative, predictive terms solely by careful experiment and observation. That real world still exists for future scientists to study, whether aided by AI or not.(科学也需要实验者——被驱使去研究宇宙的人类专家，他们会提出人工智能无法提出的问题。物理学——它的核心精神是“世界是可以理解的”，仅仅通过仔细的实验和观察就可以定量地预测世界。不管有没有人工智能的帮助，这个真实的世界仍然存在，等待着未来的科学家去研究。)”可知，文章围绕2024年诺贝尔物理学奖和化学奖与AI的关联，探讨AI是否真的接管了科学。物理学奖实则是奖励关于信息物理原理的基础研究，并非AI及其应用。化学奖中，AI虽助力蛋白质结构预测，但仍有局限，并非万能。AI工具在科学等领域会逐渐平常化并退居幕后。人们担忧AI自动化威胁人类科学家的努力，未来是否有奖项认可无AI参与的研究。AI虽能革新科学，却因依赖现实世界存在局限。科学仍需人类专家，通过实验和观察去探索宇宙，提出AI无法提出的问题。故这篇文章最好的标题是“人工智能将终结科学探索吗？”。故选B项。

第二节(共5小题；每小题2分，共10分)

【答案】35. G　36. C　37. B　38. E　39. D

【导语】这是一篇说明文。短文介绍了犹豫的重要意义以及做出更明智的决定，我们可以采用具体的策略。

【35题详解】

根据上文“Your mouse hovers over the “purchase now” button, you’ve written the text but can’t quite bring yourself to press “send”. You hesitate.(你的鼠标悬停在“立即购买”按钮上，你已经写好了文字，但无法让自己按下“发送”。你犹豫。)”可知，选项承接上文说明这种现象的普遍性和被忽视性。故G选项“这种犹豫很常见，但在我们做决定的过程中却经常被忽视”切题。故选G项。

【36题详解】

根据下文“But we don’t always make it a practice to listen to our bodies. When we do pay attention, we have access to a lot of nonrational information including our intuition. 但是我们并没有经常去倾听我们身体的声音。当我们集中注意力的时候，我们可以接触到很多非理性的信息，包括我们的直觉)”可知，选项承接下文说明我们的身体中藏着巨大的智慧。故C选项“虽然我们的思想无疑是强大的，但我们的身体也拥有丰富的智慧”切题。a wealth of wisdom呼应a lot of nonrational information。故选C项。

【37题详解】

根据上文“Moreover, our rational minds have their limitations.(此外，我们的理性思维也有其局限性)”可知，选项承接上文具体说明局限性的内容。故B选项“它们在固定的框架内工作，可能与复杂的现实不匹配”切题。故选B项。

【38题详解】

根据上文“One way that we can help ourselves with a specific decision is to notice when there’s hesitation and, if you have the time, wait.(我们可以帮助自己做出具体决定的一种方法是注意到犹豫的时候，如果你有时间，等待)”可知，选项与上文为并列关系继续说明犹豫的时候该做的事情。故E选项“回顾一下你认为自己做出的决定，看看是否有什么不同”切题。故选E项。

【39题详解】

根据下文“By integrating both rational and intuitive elements, we can handle the complex choices with greater confidence and clarity.(通过整合理性和直觉的元素，我们可以更有信心和更清晰地处理复杂的选择)”可知，选项在总结全文强调了犹豫在决策中的重要作用且这种作用能够帮助我们处理复杂的选择。故D选项“从本质上讲，有效决策的关键在于将犹豫视为一种帮助”切题。故选D项。

第三部分书面表达(共两节，32分)

第一节(共4小题；第40、41题各2分，第42题3分，第43题5分，共12分)

【答案】40. Self-love, in its nature, is to truly accept who you are and what your worth is.

41. (The key elements of self-love are) self-acceptance, self-compassion and self-care.

42. When conflicts arise, a person with self-love will approach the situation in a self-interested way .When conflicts arise, a person with self-love and self-awareness will approach the situation calmly and respectfully, considering the well-being of all people involved.

43. Self-love boosts self-confidence, helping us face challenges bravely. When I failed an exam, instead of self-blaming, I comforted myself and analyzed mistakes. I made a detailed study plan based on the analysis, With self-love as my driving force, I gradually improved my performance and regained my confidence in learning.

【导语】这是一篇说明文。短文介绍了自爱的定义、因素以及作用。

【40题详解】

考查细节理解。根据第一段“Self-love, in its nature, is to truly accept who you are and what your worth is.(自爱的本质是真正接受你是谁，你的价值是什么)”可知，自爱的本质是真正接受你是谁，你的价值是什么。故回答为：Self-love, in its nature, is to truly accept who you are and what your worth is.

【41题详解】

考查细节理解。根据第二段“The key elements of self-love are essential. Self-acceptance is foremost, as our imperfections, insecurities, and perfections shape our unique personality. Self-compassion is equally vital. We must forgive ourselves for mistakes, failed goals, and setbacks, treating ourselves with the same empathy we show our dearest. Also, self-care matters.(自爱的关键要素是必不可少的。自我接纳是最重要的，因为我们的不完美、不安全感和完美塑造了我们独特的个性。自我同情同样重要。我们必须原谅自己的错误、失败的目标和挫折，用同样的同理心对待自己，对待我们最亲爱的人。此外,自我照顾很重要)”可知，自爱的关键要素是自我接纳，自我同情和自我照顾。故回答为：(The key elements of self-love are) self-acceptance, self-compassion and self-care.

【42题详解】

考查细节理解。根据第五段“When conflicts arise, a person with self-love and self-awareness will approach the situation calmly and respectfully, considering the well-being of all people involved.(当冲突出现时，一个有自爱和自知之明的人会冷静而尊重地处理这种情况，考虑到所有人的福祉)”可知，当冲突出现时，一个有自爱和自知之明的人会冷静而尊重地处理这种情况，考虑到所有人的福祉。故回答为：When conflicts arise ,a person with self-love will approach the situation in a self-interested way. When conflicts arise, a person with self-love and self-awareness will approach the situation calmly and respectfully, considering the well-being of all people involved.

【43 题详解】

开放性试题。自爱增强自信，帮助我们勇敢地面对挑战。当我考试不及格时，我不是自责，而是安慰自己，分析错误。我做了详细的以自爱为动力，我逐渐提高了自己的学习能力表现的很好，让我重拾了学习的信心。故可回答 Self-love boosts self-confidence, helping us face challenges bravely. When I failed an exam, instead of self-blaming, I comforted myself and analyzed mistakes. I made a detailed study plan based on the analysis. With self-love as my driving force, I gradually improved my performance and regained my confidence in learning.

第二节(20 分)

44. 【答案】Dear Jim,

It's wonderful to know that you plan to submit an article to the "Global Challenges and Youth Actions" column.

Given the significance of environmental issues, I recommend you focus on the topic of youth's role in combating climate change. For example, you can talk about the initiatives taken by young people to plant trees, encourage the use of public transportation, and support renewable energy projects, which play a vital role in reducing carbon emissions.

This is because climate change is one of the most urgent global challenges. Youngsters' active participation and creative solutions can not only bring new hope but also encourage the school community to be more environmentally conscious.

If you need further discussion, don't hesitate to reach out to me. Let's work together to make your article a remarkable contribution.

Yours,

Li Hua

【导语】本篇书面表达属于应用文。要求考生对于你的外国好友 Jim 准备给其校报的 Global Challenges and Youth Actions (全球挑战与青年行动) 栏目投稿，他发来邮件询问你的建议这一情况，用英文给他回复。

【详解】1.词汇积累

专注于：focus on→ concentrate on

重要的：vital → important

紧迫的：urgent→ pressing

杰出的：remarkable→ outstanding

2.句式拓展

扩写句子

原句：Given the significance of environmental issues, I recommend you focus on the topic of youth's role in combating climate change.

拓展句：Given the significance of environmental issues, I recommend you focus on the topic, which is concerned with youth's role in combating climate change.

【点睛】【高分句型 1】For example, you can talk about the initiatives taken by young people to plant trees, encourage the use of public transportation, and support renewable energy projects, which play a vital role in reducing carbon emissions.（运用了 which 引导的非限制性定语从句）

【高分句型 2】If you need further discussion, don’t hesitate to reach out to me.（运用了 If 引导的条件状语从句）