2019 北京房山高三（上）期末

英　　语

本试卷共 10 页，120 分。考试时长 100 分钟。考生务必将答案答在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。考试结束后，将答题卡交回，试卷自行保存。

第一部分：知识运用（共两节，45 分）

第一节 阅读下列短文，根据短文内容填空。（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的单词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

Over the past few years, square dance ___1___ (become) a more and more popular exercise, especially among senior citizens. They often dance in the open areas in community. However, many ___2___ (resident) who live around are annoyed by the loud music. For example, students ___3___ (prepare) for important exams are ___4___ (deep) affected.

People may have different opinions on this issue. Some people think ___5___ is necessary for senior citizens to give up the hobby for the good of most people, ___6___ others argue that senior citizens have the right ___7___（do）something they like in public places. They are both right to some extent. ___8___ my opinion, the authorities, instead of forcing senior citizens to stop dancing, should do something to meet everybody's requirements. For example, they can supply some buses which can transport senior citizens to a place ___9___there are few apartments around. Besides, local communities can also organize leisure activities that little noise ____10____ (create).

In short, there are always some good ideas that can meet the needs of people. After all, everybody has the right to live a happy and fulfilled life.

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 30 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Overcome the Fear for Your Dream

I stood nervously behind the red curtain and glanced out across the stage. A girl about my age sat at a piano; I could see her fingertips moving over the black and white keys in front of her. The beautiful melody (旋律) was so relaxing, ____11____ my body tensed with anxiety.

My body ____12____ when the girl stood up from the bench. It was finally my turn. A part of me wanted to run home and ____13____ under my bed, but I knew I had chosen to ____14____. When the girl onstage walked toward me, I could hear my heart beating ____15____. The girl had a proud smile on her face and when she passed me, I heard her say "Good ____16____"!

"Well, here goes nothing." I said to myself.

I stepped onto the ____17____ and walked slowly toward the piano. The bright lights nearly ____18____ me, making it difficult to see the audience. When I reached the ____19____, I automatically slid onto the bench into position. The sounds of whispering and people walking around gave way to complete silence. I stared at my ____20____ fingers and for a moment my mind went ____21____. Closing my eyes, I imagined the music sitting in front of me and tried to recall every tiny detail.

Finally, I took a deep breath and began to play Beethoven's Moonlight sonata（协奏曲）. The rich tones of the piano rang out. One by one, each muscle in my body loosened and relaxed. I sat on the bench and my ____22____ danced over the row of black and white keys as if they had a mind of their own.

All the practice and ____23____ I put in for six months showed this was what my teacher was pushing for. I tried to ____24____ all the things she reminded me to do. “Keep your wrists up, relax your arms, don’t raise your shoulders… ” I remembered feeling slightly annoyed hearing these things continuously, but I never realized until now how it really ____25____.

When I reached the end of the piece, the audience started ____26____. I rose from the bench and gave a deep bow. A proud smile ____27____ up my face. Inside I felt ____28____ that it was over and that I had done so well. As the applause died down, I turned and walked to the other side of the stage. I saw a young boy standing nervously behind the red curtains staring ___29___out at the stage. When I walked by, I passed to him the two words that were given to me for___30___: Good luck!

11. A. but	B. and	C. for	D. so
12. A. ached	B. bent	C. froze	D. moved
13. A. drink	B. sleep	C. play	D. hide
14. A. run	B. perform	C. stand	D. escape
15. A. happily	B. loudly	C. weakly	D. lightly
16. A. guy	B. music	C. luck	D. performance
17. A. chair	B. bridge	C. path	D. stage
18. A. hurt	B. blinded	C. killed	D. frightened
19. A. entrance	B. curtain	C. light	D. piano
20. A. shaking	B. waving	C. unfolding	D. crossing
21. A. blank	B. wild	C. awake	D. wrong
22. A. fingers	B. feet	C. arms	D. legs
23. A. excuse	B. support	C. effort	D. service
24. A. recall	B. forget	C. ignore	D. grasp
25. A. started	B. helped	C. stopped	D. formed
26. A. joking	B. blaming	C. clapping	D. leaving
27. A. burned	B. lit	C. dried	D. lifted
28. A. confused	B. worried	C. embarrassed	D. relieved
29. A. confidently	B. excitedly	C. fearfully	D. angrily
30. A. reward	B. sympathy	C. appreciation	D. encouragement

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

I grew to be a tall girl but I tried to be as ordinary as possible. At school, I always chose a seat in the back of the room, and never raised my hand in class. When I was 16, I went to my new school. And I liked the English teacher. In my last year in high school, however, we were told that a new English teacher, Oliver Bascom, was going to teach us.

Oliver Bascom! The girls laughed as we imagined a short and bald（秃头的）man．The situation was not funny, because this man would teach us for the whole year. Surprisingly, after we opened the door, there in front of the blackboard, we saw a young and handsome man!

What followed was chaos, seventeen-year-old girls flying to get to seats in the front of the room. And I managed to get a front and center desk.

I really wanted to make a good impression on my new teacher, but I usually kept quiet. The day that directions were given for our first major writing assignment, I arrived late to class. A friend later gave me the guidelines and I thought I understood them. I worked the whole weekend on the essay and waited nervously for Mr. Bascom's evaluation.

After three days, he arrived in class holding the corrected papers. "I've chosen the ten best essays for class discussion." he said.

Twenty minutes later, my heart sank when he got to the last essay, and I didn't hear my name.

"These are all great essays," Mr. Bascom continued. "However, I am now going to read you the most successful of all…" We were all surprised as I was the author of this unusual work. A different girl walked out of the classroom that day. I knew that I had a new set of standards to live up to and that anything was possible in the future. Finally, I raised my head.

31. Before 16, the author_____.

A. was not active in class
B. behaved badly in class
C. couldn't fit in high school
D. disliked her English teacher

32. When the girls first saw their new teacher, they_____.

A. played a joke on his name
B. rushed to get the back seats
C. became totally quiet at once
D. were attracted by his appearance

33. When the teacher announced the most successful work, the author felt_____.

A. calm and relaxed
B. amazed and excited
C. upset and puzzled
D. anxious and disappointed

34. Through the experience, the author _____.

A. gained her self-confidence
B. came top of the class in English
C. decided to work harder at writing
D. dreamed of being a teacher in the future

B

WELCOME TO THE VIRTUAL REALITY CINEMA AMSTERDAM

World's First Virtual Reality Cinema

Going to the VR CINEMA offers you the opportunity to watch movies like you've never done before. You can see 360 degree movies using a VR headset. In the VR CINEMA, ringing mobile phones and noisy visitors belong to the past. Furthermore, traditional red cinema chairs or the big white screen are nowhere to be found. Instead, a Samsung Galaxy S6 (smart phone) together with the Samsung Gear VR (virtual reality glasses) transports you to a completely new world. Headphones shut out background noise, and above all, offer super sound quality. Turning chairs allow you to freely look around and see what's happening above, below, behind, in front, on the right and on the left side of you. So no sore neck, we promise.



In the VR CINEMA, you will experience 30 minutes of the coolest virtual reality films. We proudly present four film selections in different themes in order to please every virtual reality lover. Are you brave enough for our scary films? Will you immerse (沉浸于) yourself in VR documentaries from around the globe? Do you prefer to go on an adventurous journey like no other? Or do your kids want to swim with dolphins, interact with magical characters, and experience the moving stories beyond imagination? Supernatural, Documentary, Journey and Fun are waiting for you!

For kids, young and older ones, there's the cheerful and colourful selection. The only thing you have to do is sit back, relax and enjoy the VR experience of your choice.

Location: Oosterdokskade 5, 1011 AD Amsterdam The Netherlands

Tel: +31(0) 6 27 00 69 16

E-mail: mail@thevrcinema.com

Ticket Price: £12.5

Opening hours: Wednesday, Thursday & Friday: 14:00-21:00

Saturday & Sunday: 12:00-22:00

35. According to paragraph1, we know that the headphone functions as a(n)_____.

A. cellphone B. screen

C. earphone D. reader

36. What is the VR CINEMA like?

A. It has a big white screen. B. It is full of noisy visitors.

C. It offers 360 degree movies. D. It is equipped with red chairs.

37. What's the main purpose of the text?

A. To introduce new VR films. B. To present VR film schedules.

C. To report development of VR films. D. To attract people to the VR CINEMA.

C

A recent experiment proves that bees can save time and energy when they fly around to different flowers.

Dr Nigel Raine, from the Royal Holloway University of London, has always been interested in finding out why animal behave like they do. He is also interested in bees. It was not a surprise when he and some other scientists from Queen Mary University of London discovered that bees can quickly solve a problem that takes computers many days.

Flowers make pollen (花粉), and when bees visit them, they carry the pollen to other flowers. The plants need the pollen to make seeds that will grow. Dr Raine notes that we get a lot of our food from plants, so it is important to know how the bees move around and take the pollen between flowers. The scientists wanted to examine the journey that the bees take and how they save energy when they do this. They completed the experiment on the roof of Queen Mary University, using artificial flowers and a large amount of nectar, a sweet liquid produced by flowers. They taught one bee to visit all the flowers in one place at the same time. When the bee got to know the location of the flowers well, they saw how it flew around and returned home with the nectar. After this, they changed the locations of the flowers. The scientists thought the bee would follow the route it knew already. This would mean that it followed a longer route than it needed to, and so it would use more energy. They watched the bee carefully as it travelled between the flowers in their new location, and they made notes. But in the experiment, the bee changed its route and flew a shorter distance.

The problem that the bee solved is similar to a maths puzzle called the 'travelling salesman problem'. A salesman who goes to different places to sell things wants to travel the shortest distance. But he has to calculate the length of many possible routes to know which one is the shortest. A computer can calculate this but the experiment shows bees can do the same calculation quickly with a tiny brain. Scientists are very interested in how they do this. It would help us to understand how pollen is moved around. In addition, if they find this out, it could help us to improve communication networks. This might help humans to reduce traffic jams when there is an accident, for example.

38. The underlined word "nectar" in the third paragraph means_____.

A. powder B. honey

C. vitamin D. water

39. The researcher's experiment found _____.

A. bees could manage to avoid accidents

B. bees showed signs of being very intelligent

C. bees could take the same route they knew before

D. bees were faster at calculating distance than computers

40. According to the last paragraph, the next step of the study is to discover how _____.

A. pollen is moved around

B. traffic jams can be reduced

C. bees can calculate so quickly

D. communication networks are improved

41. Where does this passage probably come from?

A. A novel.　　B. A website.

C. A science magazine.　　D. An advertisement.

D

Play time is in short supply for young children these days and the lifelong consequences for developing children can be more serious than many people realize.

An article in the most recent issue of *the American Journal of Play* details not only how much children's play time has declined, but how this lack of play affects emotional development, leading to the rise of anxiety, depression, and problems of attention and self control. "Since about 1955, children's free play has been continually declining, at least partly because adults have applied ever-increasing control over children's activities." says the author Peter Gray, Ph. D, Professor of Psychology at Boston College.

We can describe the unstructured freely-chosen play as a testing ground for life. It provides critical life experiences without which young children cannot develop into confident and competent adults. So kids need more of it, not less. Because play is how young children learn important social and emotional skills such as sharing, cooperating, communicating, and empathizing. It helps them develop fit bodies, strong minds, and brave hearts, so they can take on new challenges and risky situations.

Gray's article is meant to serve as a wake-up call regarding the effects of lost play. We must know that lack of childhood free play time is a huge loss that must be paid attention to for the sake of our children and society. But parents who keep a lookout over and disturb their children's play are a big part of the problem. It is hard to find groups of children outdoors at all, and, if you do find them, they are likely to be wearing school uniforms and following the directions of coaches while their parents dutifully watch and cheer.

Actually, when children are in charge of their own play, it provides a foundation for their future mental health as older children and adults. Play gives children a chance to find and develop a connection to their own self-identified and self-guided interest. It is through play that children first learn to make decisions, solve problems, improve self-control, and follow rules. Play helps children make friends and learn to get along with each other as equals. Most importantly, play is a source of happiness.

When parents realize the major role that free play can take in the development of emotionally healthy children and adults, they may wish to reassess the priorities ruling their children's lives. The needs for childcare, academic and athletic success and children's safety is important. But perhaps parents can begin to identify small changes——such as openings in the schedule, backing off from quite so many supervised (有监督的) activities, and possibly slightly less keeping watch on the playground that would start the slow returning to the direction of free, imaginative-directed play.

42. What do we know from the first two paragraphs?

A. The rise of children's anxiety is more serious than people realize.

B. Lack of play time leads to kids' unhealthy emotional development.

C. More young children are suffering from depression due to free play.

D. Playing too much leads to problems of kids' attention and self control.

43. According to Peter Gray, unstructured freely-chosen play _____ .

A. is full of challenges and risky situations

B. should be balanced with adult-directed activities

C. does harm to children's confidence and competence

D. has good effect on children's social and emotional skills

44. The article is intended for _____.

A. parents B. teachers

C. coaches D. children

45. Which of the following would be the best title for the text?

A. Do Children Need More Self-guided Play?

B. Are Children Interested in Guided Play?

C. Can Children Guide Themselves?

D. Are Children's Problems Serious?

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Does Using Technology in the Classroom Help College Students?

Almost anywhere in the world, you are likely to find people doing the same thing in public places, on trains and buses or wherever else you look. They spend their day looking at laptop computers, smartphones or other personal electronic devices. They are thinking mainly about their electronic devices, and not much else.

___46___. More and more college students have no problem walking into a classroom and immediately opening their laptops. Others may spend an entire study period with a smartphone in hand. ____47____ But recent research suggests that using technology during class time may harm college students' ability to remember and process the subject material they are learning.

Arnold Glass, a professor in Rutgers University in New Brunswick, New Jersey, and a student researcher investigated the issue of divided student attention. During half of their daily class periods, the students in their study were permitted to use any electronic device as much as they wanted. ___48___

The students' academic performance was measured in several ways throughout the semester. They took a short test every day, longer tests every few weeks and a final exam covering all the class material. The researchers found that the average daily quiz results showed no evidence of harmful effects from the use of technology. ____49____ They showed that all the students performed poorly on questions covering material taught on days when they were permitted to use technology in the classroom.

Glass says that it shows the use of electronic devices in the classroom prevents students from processing information. The students hear what the professor is saying. But they might be buying things online or reading unrelated emails at the same time, for example. So they are not thinking deeply about the subject matter as they are hearing it. ___50___

A. The same can be said about the world of college education.

B. However, the average results of the larger tests and final exam told a different story.

C. And that, Glass says, makes it harder for the information to enter their long-term memory.

D. Technology, in general, is not the only way that students find to distract themselves in class.

E. But even if technology is helpful to some students, there are times when it needs to be turned off.

F. Some students argue that the increasing use of technology can have many helpful effects on society.

G. During the other half, researchers closely watched them to make sure no one was using any technology.

第三部分：书面表达（共两节，35 分）

第一节（15 分）

51.假设你是李华，你的英国朋友 Jim 发来电子邮件，说寒假要来中国旅行，他想要你推荐一座旅游城市。请你给他回信，内容包括：

1.你推荐的城市；

2.你推荐该城市的理由；

3.你推荐的出行方式。

注意：1.词数不少于 50；

2.开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jim,

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Yours,

Li Hua

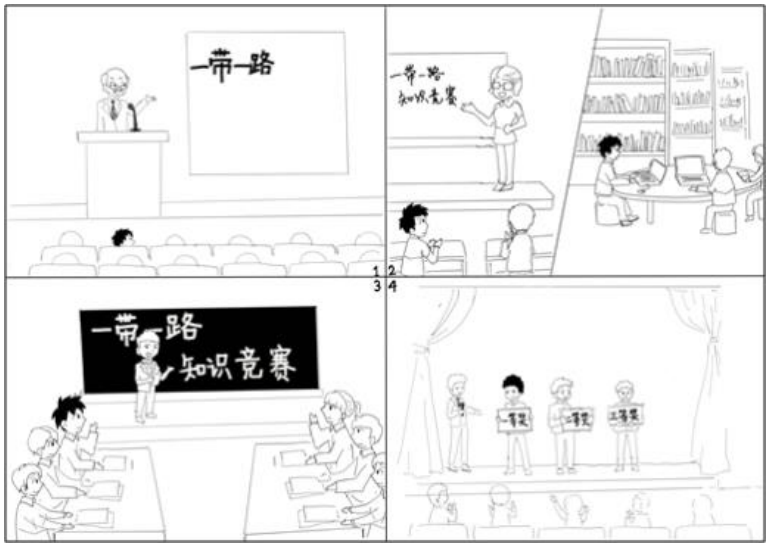
第二节（20 分）

52.假设你是红星中学高三学生李华，请根据以下四幅图的先后顺序，给校刊英语板块写一篇稿件，以“The Belt and Road Initiatives”为题，介绍上周你校开展“一带一路系列活动”的全过程。

注意：词数不少于 60。

提示词：知识竞赛 knowledge competition

一带一路 The Belt and Road lnitiatives



_____

参考答案

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第一部分：知识运用（共两节，45 分）

第一节 阅读下列短文，根据短文内容填空。（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的单词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

【答案】1. has become

2. residents

3. preparing

4. deeply　5. it

6. while　7. to do

8. In　9. where

10. is created

【解析】

这是一篇议论文。文章主要讲了人们对广场舞这种现象的不同看法，以及作者提出了自己的观点。

【1 题详解】

考查时态。句意：在过去的几年里，广场舞已经成为一种越来越受欢迎的运动，尤其是在老年人中。表示动作开始于过去某一时刻，一直延续到现在，或可能还要继续下去，用现在完成时，所以填 has become。

【2 题详解】

考查名词单复数。many 修饰可数名词复数，所以填 residents。

【3 题详解】

考查非谓语动词。prepare 的逻辑主语是 students，它们之间是主动关系，用现在分词作定语，所以填 preparing。

【4 题详解】

考查副词。该空修饰动词 affected，用副词，所以填 deeply。

【5 题详解】

考查形式主语。___5___ is necessary for senior citizens to give up the hobby for the good of most people 是一个宾语从句，在宾语从句中，不定式 to give up the hobby for the good of most people 是真正的主语，前面需要一个形式主语，所以填 it。

【6 题详解】

考查连词。句意：一些人认为为了大多数人的利益，老年人有必要放弃这种爱好，然而另一些人则认为老年人有权在公共场所做他们喜欢做的事情。文中表示“然而”，所以填 while。

【7 题详解】

考查固定句型。句意：一些人认为为了大多数人的利益，老年人有必要放弃这种爱好，然而另一些人则认为老年人有权在公共场所做他们喜欢做的事情。have the right to do 有权做…，该句型是固定句型，所以填 to do。

【8 题详解】

考查固定短语。句意：依我看来，当局应该做一些事情来满足每个人的要求，而不是强迫老年人停止跳舞。in one’s opinion 依某人看来，该短语是固定短语，所以填 In。

【9 题详解】

考查定语从句。___9___there are few apartments around.是一个定语从句，先行词是 a place，关系词在从句中作地点状语，所以填关系副词 where。

【10 题详解】

考查时态和语态。句意：此外，当地社区也可以组织一些几乎不产生噪音的休闲活动。“噪音”和“创造”之间是被动关系，用被动语态，描述主语现在的状态，用一般现在时，所以填 is created。

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 30 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

【答案】11. A　12. C　13. D　14. B　15. B　16. C　17. D　18. B　19. D　20. A　21. A　22. A　23. C　24. A　25. B　26. C　27. B　28. D　29. C　30. D

【解析】

【分析】

这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲了作者在登台参加钢琴演出之前，非常紧张。上一位演出的女孩鼓励了作者，作者演出很成功。作者把这个鼓励传递了下去。

【11 题详解】

考查连词辨析。上文 The beautiful melody (旋律) was so relaxing 说美妙的旋律如此放松，下文 my body tensed with anxiety.说我的身体因焦虑而紧张，这两句之间是转折关系。A. but 但是；B. and 并且；C. for 为了；D. so 所以，故选 A。

【12 题详解】

考查动词辨析。根据____1____ my body tensed with anxiety.可知当那个女孩从长凳上站起来时，我的身体凝固住了。A. ached 疼痛；B. bent 弯曲；C. froze 凝固；D. moved 移动，故选 C。

【13 题详解】

考查动词辨析。句意：我有些想跑回家躲在床底下，但我知道我选择了表演。A. drink 喝；　B. sleep 睡觉；C. play 演奏；D. hide 躲藏，故选 D。

【14 题详解】

考查动词辨析。句意：我有些想跑回家躲在床底下，但我知道我选择了表演。A. run 跑步；　B. perform 表演；C. stand 站立；D. escape 逃跑，故选 B。

【15 题详解】

考查副词辨析。句意：当舞台上的那个女孩向我走来的时候，我可以听到我的心跳得很厉害。A. happily 快乐地；B. loudly 大声地；C. weakly 虚弱地；D. lightly 轻轻地，故选 B。

【16 题详解】

考查名词辨析。根据 When I walked by, I passed to him the two words that were given to me for___20___: Good luck!可知这里意思是我听到她说：“祝你好运”。A. guy 家伙；B. music 音乐；C. luck 运气；D. performance 表演，故选 C。

【17 题详解】

考查名词辨析。根据 and walked slowly toward the piano.可知我走上舞台。A. chair 椅子；　B. bridge 桥；C. path 小路；D. stage 舞台，故选 D。

【18 题详解】

考查动词辨析。根据 making it difficult to see the audience.可知这里意思是明亮的灯光几乎使我失明。A. hurt 伤害；B. blinded 使失明；C. killed 杀死；D. frightened 害怕，故选 B。

【19 题详解】

考查名词辨析。根据 I automatically slid onto the bench into position.可知这里意思是当我到了钢琴旁边。A. entrance 入口；B. curtain 窗帘；C. light 光线；D. piano 钢琴，故选 D。

【20 题详解】

考查形容词辨析。上文说作者非常紧张，所以作者的手指一定在发抖。A. shaking 颤抖的；B. waving 波浪状的；C. unfolding 展开；D. crossing 横越，故选 A。

【21 题详解】

考查固定短语辨析。句意：我盯着自己颤抖的手指，一时间脑子一片空白。A. go blank 头脑变成一边空白；B. go wild 发狂；C. go awake 清醒；D. go wrong 发生故障，故选 A。

【22 题详解】

考查名词辨析。句意：我坐在长凳上，手指在那排黑白键上飞舞，仿佛它们有自己的想法。A. fingers 手指；B. feet 脚；C. arms 手臂；D. legs 腿，故选 A。

【23 题详解】

考查名词辨析。句意：我六个月来的所有练习和努力都表明，这正是我的老师所奋力争取的。A. excuse 借口；B. support 支持；C. effort 努力；D. service 服务，故选 C。

【24 题详解】

考查动词辨析。根据 she reminded me to do 可知我在尽力回想。A. recall 回想；B. forget 忘记；C. ignore 忽视；D. grasp 抓住，故选 A。

【25 题详解】

考查动词辨析。句意：我还记得我不断地听到这些话时心里有点烦，但直到现在我才意识到这对我有多大的帮助。A. started 开始；B. helped 帮助；C. stopped 停止；D. formed 形成，故选 B。

【26 题详解】

考查动词辨析。根据 I rose from the bench and gave a deep bow.可知观众们开始鼓掌。A. joking 开玩笑；B. blaming 责备；C. clapping 鼓掌；D. leaving 离开，故选 C。

【27 题详解】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：一个骄傲的微笑照亮了我的脸。A. burned up 烧起来；B. lit up 亮了起来；C. dried up 干涸；D. lifted up 举起，故选 B。

【28 题详解】

考查形容词辨析。根据 that it was over and that I had done so well.可知我内心感觉如释重负。A. confused 困惑的；B. worried 担心的；C. embarrassed 尴尬的；D. relieved 如释重负的，故选 D。

【29 题详解】

考查副词辨析。根据 When I walked by, I passed to him the two words that were given to me for___20___: Good luck! 可知这里意思是我看见一个小男孩紧张地站在红窗帘后面，恐惧地注视着舞台。A. confidently 自信地；B. excitedly 兴奋地；C. fearfully 可怕地；D. angrily 愤怒地，故选 C。

【30 题详解】

考查名词辨析。根据 Good luck 可知我把那句鼓励我的话传给了他。A. reward 报答；　　B. sympathy 同情；C. appreciation 欣赏；D. encouragement 鼓励，故选 D。

【点睛】完形填空的解题技巧之一就是要根据上下文来学会“推理”出最佳选项。同学们要遵循“上下求索”的原则来查找信息。例如，小题 2 根据____1____ my body tensed with anxiety.可知当那个女孩从长凳上站起来时，我的身体凝固住了。A. ached 疼痛；B. bent 弯曲；C. froze 凝固；D. moved 移动，故选 C。小题 8 根据 making it difficult to see the audience.可知这里意思是明亮的灯光几乎使我失明。A. hurt 伤害；B. blinded 使失明；C. killed 杀死；D. frightened 害怕，故选 B。

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

【答案】31. A　32. D　33. B　34. A

【解析】

【分析】

这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲了十六岁以前，作者在课堂上不活跃。后来，作者得到一位非常帅气的男老师的赏识，作者获得了自信。

【31 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在第一段 At school, I always chose a seat in the back of the room, and never raised my hand in class.（在学校，我总是选择教室后排的座位，上课从来不举手。）由此推知十六岁以前，作者在课堂上不活跃，故选 A。

【32 题详解】

细节理解题。答案定位在第二段 Surprisingly, after we opened the door, there in front of the blackboard, we saw a young and handsome man!（令人惊讶的是，当我们打开门后，在黑板前，我们看到一个年轻英俊的男人!）由此可知当女孩们第一次看到她们的新老师时，她们被他的外表所吸引，故选 D。

【33 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在最后一段 We were all surprised as I was the author of this unusual work. A different girl walked out of the classroom that day.（我们都很惊讶，因为我是这部不寻常作品的作者。那天，一个不同的女孩走出了教室。）由此推断出当老师宣布最成功的作品时，作者感到既惊讶又兴奋，故选 B。

【34 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在最后一段 I knew that I had a new set of standards to live up to and that anything was possible in the future. Finally, I raised my head.（我知道我有一套新的标准要去实现，在未来任何事情都是可能的。最后，我抬起头来。）由此推断出通过这次经历，作者获得了自信，故选 A。

【点睛】推理判断题要求考生在理解原文表面文字信息的基础上，做出一定的判断和推理，从而得出文章的隐含意义和深层意义。推理判断题属于主观性较强的高层次阅读理解题，做这类题目时，同学们应严格依据作者所陈述的细节、事实以及作者的措词、态度和语气等，找出能够表露作者思想倾向和感情色彩的词语，然后利用自己已获得的相关知识进行推理判断，从而得出符合逻辑的结论。小题 4，答案定位在最后一段 I knew that I had a new

set of standards to live up to and that anything was possible in the future. Finally, I raised my head.（我知道我有一套新的标准要去实现，在未来任何事情都是可能的。最后，我抬起头来。）由此推断出通过这次经历，作者获得了自信，故选 A。

B

【答案】35. C　36. C　37. D

【解析】

【分析】

这是一篇广告布告类阅读。文章主要介绍了去 VR 影院可以让你有机会看你从未看过的电影。你可以用 VR 头盔观看 360 度电影，并对其票价、开放时间等具体信息进行了说明。

【35 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在第一段 Headphones shut out background noise, and above all, offer super sound quality.（耳机屏蔽了背景噪音，最重要的是，提供了超强的音质。）由此推断出 headphone 的功能是耳机，故选 C。

【36 题详解】

细节理解题。答案定位在第一段 Going to the VR CINEMA offers you the opportunity to watch movies like you've never done before. You can see 360 degree movies using a VR headset.（去 VR 影院可以让你有机会看你从未看过的电影。你可以用 VR 头盔观看 360 度电影），故选 C。

【37 题详解】

写作意图题。根据文章的题目 WELCOME TO THE VIRTUAL REALITY CINEMA AMSTERDAM 可知作者写这篇文章的目的是吸引人们到 VR 影院，故选 D。

【点睛】英语阅读理解的步骤：

第一遍：阅读的第一遍是非常重要的．这一遍讲究的是速度与技巧．先用最快的时间将题迅速扫一遍，了解你需要回答什么，做到一会儿阅读时心中有数．这个时候你就可以胸有成竹地进行第一遍阅读．在第一遍阅读时不要求精，只要求速度．同时在这一遍中，关于文章的主旨等宏观方面的问题就可以解决了．

第二遍：这一遍是文章的精读过程，一般采用随看随做的方法，也就是说，每当你阅读完一段内容，就可以到下面去看看有没有与之相关的问题，同时趁着对该段文章的熟悉去做题．如此下去，在你精读完之后，题也就做完了．

第三遍：这一遍一般放在最后的检查时阅读，一般以你的时间是否充足来决定．检查一般要注意文章的细节，不要因为疏忽出错．

C

【答案】38. B　39. D　40. C　41. C

【解析】

这是一篇科普类阅读。这篇文章主要讲了最近的一项实验证明，当蜜蜂飞到不同的花时，它们可以节省时间和精力。

【38 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据下文 a sweet liquid produced by flowers.（一种由花产生的甜液体）对"nectar"的解释，可知"nectar"的意思是蜂蜜。A. powder 粉末；B. honey 蜂蜜；C. vitamin 维生素；D. water 水，故选 B。

【39 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在第二段 It was not a surprise when he and some other scientists from Queen Mary University of London discovered that bees can quickly solve a problem that takes computers many days.（当他和伦敦玛丽皇后大学的其他一些科学家发现蜜蜂可以快速地解决一个需要电脑很多天才能解决的问题时，这并不令人惊讶。）由此推断出研究人员的实验发现，蜜蜂比电脑计算距离更快，故选 D。

【40 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在最后一段 A computer can calculate this but the experiment shows bees can do the same calculation quickly with a tiny brain. Scientists are very interested in how they do this.（计算机可以计算出这个，但是实验表明蜜蜂可以用一个小小的大脑快速地做同样的计算。科学家们对他们如何做到这一点非常感兴趣。）由此推断出根据最后一段，研究的下一步是发现蜜蜂是如何快速计算的，故选 C。

【41 题详解】

推理判断题。第一段 A recent experiment proves that bees can save time and energy when they fly around to different flowers.是全文的主题句，结合全文内容，可知这篇文章主要讲了最近的一项实验证明，当蜜蜂飞到不同的花时，它们可以节省时间和精力。由此推断出这篇文章最可能出自一本科学杂志，故选 C。

D

【答案】42. B　43. D　44. A　45. A

【解析】

这是一篇说明文。这篇文章主要讲了更多的自我引导游戏对孩子成长的重要性。

【42 题详解】

细节理解题。答案定位在第二段 An article in the most recent issue of *the American Journal of Play* details not only how much children's play time has declined, but how this lack of play affects emotional development, leading to the rise of anxiety, depression, and problems of attention and self control.可知从前两段，我们知道缺乏玩耍的时间会导致孩子们不健康的情绪发展，故选 B。

【43 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在第三段 It helps them develop fit bodies, strong minds, and brave hearts, so they can take on new challenges and risky situations.（它帮助他们发展健康的身体，坚强的头脑和勇敢的心，所以他们可以接受新的挑战和危险的情况。）由此推断出 Peter Gray 认为，自由选择的游戏对孩子的社交和情感技能有很好的影响，故选 D。

【44 题详解】

推理判断题。答案定位在最后一段 When parents realize the major role that free play can take in the development of emotionally healthy children and adults, they may wish to reassess the priorities ruling their children's lives.（当父母意识到自由玩耍在情感健康的儿童和成人的发展中所起的主要作用时，他们可能希望重新评估孩子生活中的优先事项。）由此推断出，这篇文章是写给父母看的，故选 A。

【45 题详解】

主旨大意题。通过阅读，可知这篇文章主要讲了更多的自我引导游戏对孩子成长的重要性，故选 A。

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

【答案】46. A　47. F

48. G　49. B

50. C

【解析】

这是一片议论文。文章讨论了在课堂上使用科技，对大学生有帮助吗这个话题。

【46 题详解】

下文 More and more college students have no problem walking into a classroom and immediately opening their laptops.说越来越多的大学生毫不费力地走进教室，立刻打开他们的笔记本电脑。该空引出下文，A 选项“大学教育的世界也是如此。”切题，故选 A。

【47 题详解】

上文 Others may spend an entire study period with a smartphone in hand.说另一些人可能会在整个学习期间都拿着智能手机。下文 But recent research suggests that using technology during class time may harm college students' ability to remember and process the subject material they are learning.说但最近的研究表明，在课堂上使用科技可能会损害大学生记忆和处理所学主题材料的能力。该空承上启下，F 选项“一些学生认为，技术的日益使用可以对社会产生许多有益的影响。”故选 F。

【48 题详解】

上文 During half of their daily class periods, the students in their study were permitted to use any electronic device as much as they wanted.说在他们每天上课的一半时间里，学生们被允许使用任何他们想要的电子设备。该空承接上文，G 选项“在另一半时间里，研究人员密切观察他们，以确保没有人在使用任何技术。”切题，故选 G。

【49 题详解】

上文 The researchers found that the average daily quiz results showed no evidence of harmful effects from the use of technology. 说研究人员发现，平均每天的测验结果显示，没有证据表明使用科技产品会产生有害影响。下文 They showed that all the students performed poorly on questions covering material taught on days when they were permitted to use technology in the classroom.说他们发现，在涉及到被允许在课堂上使用技术的日子里，所有学生都表现不佳。该空承上启下，B 选项“然而，大型考试和期末考试的平均成绩却不尽相同。”切题，故选 B。

【50 题详解】

上文 But they might be buying things online or reading unrelated emails at the same time, for example. So they are not thinking deeply about the subject matter as they are hearing it.说但他们可能会在网上购物或同时阅读不相关的电子邮件。所以他们并没有像他们听到的那样深入思考这个主题。该空承接上文，C 选项“这使得信息更难进入他们的长期记忆。”切题，故选 C。

第三部分：书面表达（共两节，35 分）

第一节（15 分）

51.

【答案】**Possible Version 1**

Dear Jim,

I'm very pleased to know from your e-mail you're coming to travel in China.

As for which city to visit, I guess Beijing is the best choice. To begin with, as a capital city, Beijing is not only the political and culture centre but also scientific and educational heart, from which you can have a general understanding of China. What's more, the ancient and modern city will provide you with its rich and varied history and scenery.

I recommend you travel by subway. For one thing, it's convenient to travel by subway around Beijing. For another, you can avoid traffic jam and travel environment friendly.

I'm looking forward to your coming!

Yours

Li Hua.

Possible Version 2

Dear Jim,

I'm more than delighted to read that you're to tour a city in China during the coming winter holiday.

At your request in the email, I recommend that you visit Beijing based on the following: Firstly, Beijing is definitely the city to learn about China's brilliant history and culture, where you can view most wonderful attractions and historic wonders, such as the Summer Palace, the Forbidden City and the Great Wall. Beijing is a significant city to view Chinese development because economic growth has accelerated the pace and scale of change and outfitted the city with a sense of modernity. Secondly, this city offers an endless mixture of places for your entertainment. Thirdly, people here are very hospitable. Last but not least, with a greatly improved transport system, Beijing offers many optional vehicles both for locals and visitors. To make your Beijing tour more comfortable and for your convenience, I advise you to get around or out of the city by subway to avoid traffic jams at peak times.

Hopefully my suggestions will be of some help to you and wish you enjoy your stay!

Yours,

Li Hua

【解析】

【分析】

考查应用文中的电子邮件写作。

【详解】题目要求假设你是李华，你的英国朋友 Jim 发来电子邮件，说寒假要来中国旅行，他想要你推荐一座旅游城市。请你给他回信，内容包括：1.你推荐的城市；2.你推荐该城市的理由；3.你推荐的出行方式。分析可知，应该以第一人称为主，一般现在时进行写作。要点已经给出，要求考生根据提纲自己发挥拓展，考生要先想好写哪几点，运用合适的语法规则和词汇把各要点都准确表述出。描述要尽量选择简洁的语言，难点在于选择词汇和句型，可以灵活运用高级词汇和固定短语准确表述。还要用适当的连接词把句子连接起来，这样文章显得更连贯。

【点睛】这篇书信类短文的关键在于要点的拓展，同时注意谋篇布局的顺序，运用合适的连接词连接全文，同时选择高级的词汇和语法项目让文章更有文采。I'm very pleased to know from your e-mail you're coming to travel in China. 宾语从句的运用；To begin with, as a capital city, Beijing is not only the political and culture centre but also scientific and educational heart, from which you can have a general understanding of China.定语从句的运用。

第二节（20 分）

52.

【答案】The Belt and Road Initiatives

Last week, a knowledge competition on the belt and road initiatives was held in our school, from which we learned more about it.

Last Monday, an expert gave us a lecture on the belt and road initiatives, telling us the function of it. After returning to the classroom, our head teacher encouraged us to prepare for the coming knowledge competition on it. We began to work in groups immediately after school, searching for information from books and internet.

Last Friday, after answering a series of questions competitively, we won the first prize. When standing in the front of

the school hall, holding the certificate of the award in hand and receiving the encouraging congratulation from our schoolmates, we felt proud of ourselves.

The Belt and Road Initiatives

To make the belt and road initiatives better known, last week, our school organized a series of activities related to the theme, after which our classmates and I have come to learn the meaning of it. Until now, the memories of the activities are still vivid in my mind.

During the class meeting last Monday, an expert gave us a lecture on the belt and road initiatives in the school hall, from which we came to understand that it aims to strengthen effective cooperation with our neighboring countries and promotes Chinese culture in an effective way and we felt the urge to explore more of it. After coming back to the classroom, our head-teacher assigned the homework – preparing for the coming knowledge competition on it. It was just what we wanted and immediately we began to work in groups to collect relative information in the library after school. Some of our group read through books, some surfed the internet, and others put the information collected together.

Then the big moment finally came last Friday. Gathered in the school hall, we had the knowledge competition. Cooperating perfectly in a group of three, we really had something to show and beat others since we had put our effort on it. We were so excited when the headmaster presented us the first prize and felt so good with all our schoolmates cheering for us.

During the activities, not only did we learned about the radiant effects the belt and road initiatives development strategy and framework bring China, but also we were proud of Chinese influence on the world!

【解析】

【分析】

考查漫画类作文写作。

【详解】题目要求假设你是红星中学高三学生李华，请根据以下四幅图的先后顺序，给校刊英语板块写一篇稿件，以“The Belt and Road Initiatives”为题，介绍上周你校开展“一带一路系列活动”的全过程。分析可知，应该以第一人称为主，一般现在时进行写作。根据图画总结要点，要求考生自己发挥拓展，不要背离图画意思，考生要先想好写哪几点，运用合适的语法规则和词汇把各要点都准确表述出。描述要尽量选择简洁的语言，难点在于选择词汇和句型，可以灵活运用高级词汇和固定短语准确表述。还要用适当的连接词把句子连接起来，这样文章显得更连贯。

【点睛】这篇书信类短文的关键在于要点的拓展，同时注意谋篇布局的顺序，运用合适的连接词连接全文，同时选择高级的词汇和语法项目让文章更有文采。To make the belt and road initiatives better known, last week, our school organized a series of activities related to the theme, after which our classmates and I have come to learn the meaning of it.定语从句的运用；During the class meeting last Monday, an expert gave us a lecture on the belt and road initiatives in the school hall, from which we came to understand that it aims to strengthen effective cooperation with our neighboring countries and promotes Chinese culture in an effective way and we felt the urge to explore more of it.定语从句的运用。