2021 天津高考真题英语

（第一次）

本试卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分，共 130 分，考试用时 100 分钟。

答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号和座位号填写在答题卡上，并在 规定位置粘贴考试用条形码。答卷时，考生务必将答案涂写在答题卡上，答在试卷上的无效。考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

祝各位考生考试顺利！

第 I 卷

注意事项：

1.每小题选出答案后，用铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用 橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。

2.本卷共 55 小题，共 95 分。

第一部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节：单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

例：Stand over there _____ you'll be able to see it better.

A. or　B. and　C. but　D. while

答案是 B。

1. —Are you done with the book I gave you?

— _____. I'm still reading the last chapter.

A. Hard to say　B. Not quite　C. Of course　D. It all depends

2. We all need to get involved in saving energy _____ it's at work, at home, or at school.

A. unless　B. once　C. whether　D. because

3. We _____ quite enough work for the morning; now let's take a break.

A. have done　B. will do　C. had done　D. were doing

4. While rock-climbing, you need to remain very _____ so that you won't make any dangerous errors.

A. satisfied　B. focused　C. amused　D. delighted

5. Students are encouraged to take control of their own learning, _____ just depending on the teacher.

A. rather than　B. regardless of　C. due to　D. in terms of

6. ---How's the project going?

--- _____. All we have to do is finish the last bit of work.

A. Easy come easy go　B. Far from it

C. By all means　D. So far so good

7. Great improvements in public health have been brought about by _____ in medical science.

A. traditions　B. advances　C. pressures　D. examples

8. William Hastie once suggested that history informs us of past mistakes _____ we can learn without repeating them.

A. from which　B. in which　C. with whom　D. for whom

9. China's National Highway 318, _____ over 5,000 kilometers from Shanghai to Zhangmu, Tibet, is known as the "heavenly road“ for its amazing views.

A. to extend B. extended C. extending D. being extended

10. As working from home becomes _____ common, people are finding it easier to combine parenthood with a full-time career.

A. increasingly B. equally C. nervously D. confusingly

11. Henry David Thoreau was happy to _____ from social life, seeking a harmonious relationship with nature in the quietness of his life.

A. judge B. differ C. withdraw D. benefit

12. Currently, about 35,000 works _____ in over 300 rooms in the Louvre, and it would take a lifetime to see everything.

A. were displaying B. are displaying

C. were being displayed D. are being displayed

13. What puzzles Lily's friends is _____ she always has so many crazy ideas.

A. whether B. why C. what D. when

14. It used to be that you ___drive for miles here without seeing another person, but now there are houses and people everywhere.

A. need B. should C. could D. must

15. At the Chinese art festival, there are different stands _____ artists demonstrate their skills and teach the visitors.

A. where B. which C. that D. when

第二节：完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从 16∽35 各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

For most people, having things stolen feels like an offence. Robbie Pruitt admitted that he got ____16____ when he discovered the theft of his mountain bike last September. But soon enough, his ____17____ took a turn. After letting go of his anger and frustration, he found himself on *a* road to sympathy ____18____.

For Pruitt, a keen bicyclist, the first thing to do was ____19____ his stolen bike. But when he went bike shopping, he found few available, which got him thinking: What if the ____20____ of bikes was Covid-19 related, and what if the person who'd taken his bike really needed ____21____ to get to work?

With that thought in mind, Pruitt ____22____ a plan and posted it on the community website. He ____23____ to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it. He also asked for unwanted bikes, which he would repair-again ____24____. And then he would donate them to folks who could truly use them but didn't have the ____25____ to buy one.

The day the post went live Pruitt received thirty ____26____ bicycles. Then came more than 500 ____27____ for detailed information. By the end of 2020, Pruitt had repaired more than 140 for donation or to be ____28____ to their owners.

Pruitt tries to give his donations to families that are ____29____ struggling. ____30____ simply satisfying a material need, he has provided an opportunity for kids in his neighborhood to learn how to fix their own bikes.

In addition to ____31____ skills, Pruitt's lessons teach teamwork, encourage self-worth, and promote feelings of community. ____32____, the kids have gained a sense of accomplishment.

"It's a really great ____33____ for kids,“ said a neighbor in an interview with the local newspaper. "Pruitt is certainly providing a ____34____, but it's not just the bikes. It's the relationships in the community. It's the ____35____ that he can make on people."

16. A. amazed B. mad C. curious D. frightened

17. A. emotions B. career C. opinions D. route

18. A. ever	B. together	C. instead	D. yet
19. A. ride	B. lock	C. repair	D. replace
20. A. lack	B. variety	C. increase	D. quality
21. A. instruction	B. qualification	C. transportation	D. permission
22. A. came up with	B. stuck to	C. gave up	D. broke away from
23. A. remembered	B. refused	C. hesitated	D. offered
24. A. by accident	B. in advance	C. for free	D. on credit
25. A. profit	B. budget	C. courage	D. excuse
26. A. shared	B. used	C. expensive	D. modern
27. A. enquiries	B. advertisements	C. notices	D. announcements
28. A. exported	B. sold	C. lent	D. returned
29. A. hardly	B. slightly	C. truly	D. instantly
30. A. Without	B. Beyond	C. Upon	D. Among
31. A. practical	B. commercial	C. mathematical	D. social
32. A. Otherwise	B. However	C. Somehow	D. Meanwhile
33. A. promise	B. celebration	C. comfort	D. experience
34. A. competition	B. service	C. ceremony	D. suggestion
35. A. compromise	B. impression	C. impact	D. progress

第二部分：阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 50 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Job for You!

Family Alliance Meal Delivery Family Alliance is looking for people who can deliver hot Chinese meals one to two times a week for people with disabilities in north suburban Fairfield County All applicants must have a driver's license and access to a car. Gas will be covered for each delivery. Working hours: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Tuesdays and Fridays For more information, contact Charles Chen at cchen@famd.com Or call 740-6668988	Lancaster Design We provide full furnishings, like donated kitchen equipment and furniture items, for the new homes of people who were oncehomeless. We need people who can work at our warehouse （仓库） sorting and packing items to be delivered to families repair donated furniture and more. Candidates will be matched with a task based on skill set. Interested? Submit your application to www.lancasterdesign.org Or call 740-6119735

Lancaster Weekly Would you like the opportunity to earn extra cash close to home? If so we have a vacancy in our team which would suit you. Both adults and youngsters aged 13+ are required to deliver our newspaper. You may I have to cover some distance. Bicycles are available if needed. Working hours: 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. Saturdays For more information Call 740-6538360	Parkview Nursing Home Caregivers are wanted. We seek people who are patient and caring, and who have experience and interest in working with older adults. As part of the package, initial and follow-up training sessions are provided and accommodation is available if required. For more details, visit us at Unit 3 Park View Lane Or contact Ellen White at 740-6968399

36. Which job requires a driver's license?

A. Delivering meals.

B. Delivering newspapers.

C. Working at the warehouse.

D. Working at the nursing home.

37. Which of the following is TRUE about the Lancaster Design job?

A. Applicants are expected to design furniture.

B. Work is arranged according to one's skill set.

C. It involves collecting furniture from homes.

D. It favors applicants who are homeless.

38. A middle-school student is most likely to be hired by.

A. Family Alliance Meal Delivery

B. Lancaster Design

C. Lancaster Weekly

D. Parkview Nursing Home

39. Which number should you call if you want to work with the elderly?

A. 740-6668988.

B. 740-6119735.

C. 740-6538360.

D. 740-6968399.

B

About five weeks ago, I noticed the skin of our pet lizard was growing dusty. It worried me. I reported the strange surface on the skin of the lizard to my husband and children the next morning. Seconds later, our lizard emerged from its tank with its old skin flowing behind it.

I didn't think about it much until a morning last week when I knocked my favorite teapot off the table. It burst into hundreds of pieces. As I swept up the mess, I wondered why we had been breaking so many things over the months.

The destruction started three months ago. It was my husband's birthday. He had just lost his job. The uncertainty was starting to wear on us, so I wanted to do something special.

“Let's make a cake for Dad!” I cried.

My kids screamed with joy. We baked, iced and sprinkled for most of the day. Candles on the cake! Balloons on the walls! Flowers on the table!

Two hours before my husband came back home from another job interview, my daughter climbed up to grab a glass vase from a high shelf. It fell and crashed beside the cake. Tiny pieces of glass were everywhere. She sobbed loudly as I threw the cake away. My husband had banana pudding for his birthday.

Three days ago, the light in our living room suddenly went out. After several frustrating hours of unsuccessful attempts to fix it, my husband suggested watching the Michael Jordan documentary series *The Last Dance.*

The poignancy of Jordan retiring from his beloved basketball to play baseball and what had pushed him to make such a tough decision took me by surprise. As I watched him take off his basketball uniform and replace it with a baseball uniform, I saw him leaving behind the layer that no longer served him, just as our lizard had. Neither of them chose the moment that had transformed them. But they had to live with who they were after everything was different. Just like us. I realized that we have to learn to leave the past behind.

Humans do not shed skin as easily as other animals. The beginning of change is upsetting. The process is tiring. Damage changes us before we are ready. I see our lizard, raw and nearly new.

Jordan said that no matter how it ends, it starts with hope. With our tender, hopeful skin, that is where we begin.

40. What can we learn about the pet lizard from Paragraph 1?

A. Its tank grew dirty.　　B. Its old skin came off.

C. It got a skin disease.　　D. It went missing.

41. Why did the author's husband have banana pudding for his birthday?

A. The birthday cake was ruined.　　B. The author made good puddings.

C. Pudding was his favorite dessert.　　D. They couldn't afford a birthday cake.

42. Why does the author mention *The Last Dance* in the passage?

A. To prove a theory.　　B. To define a concept.

C. To develop the theme.　　D. To provide the background.

43. The underlined part "leaving behind the layer" in Paragraph 8 can be understood as____.

A. letting go of the past　　B. looking for a new job

C. getting rid of a bad habit　　D. giving up an opportunity

44. What does the author most likely want to tell us?

A. Love of family helps us survive great hardships.　　B. It's not the end of the world if we break things.

C. We should move on no matter what happens.　　D. Past experiences should be treasured.

C

A trial project by the Montreal Children's Hospital suggested that the use of medical hypnosis(催眠)can reduce pain and anxiety in patients. The project also resulted in a reduction in the amount of medicines used to perform medical-imaging imaging(医学影像) procedures.

“During the examination children don't move. It works perfectly. It's amazing,“ said Johanne L'Ecuyer, a medical-imaging technologist at the hospital.

The project was inspired by a French team from Rouen University Hospital Centre where examinations are done under hypnosis instead of general anesthesia(麻醉）.

A French medical-imaging technologist-also a hypnotist — was invited to train a few members in the medical-imaging department of the children's hospital. In all, 80 examinations were conducted for the project between January and September, 2019, focusing on the imaging procedures that would cause anxiety.

Hypnosis is not *a* state of sleep: It is rather a modified(改变的)state of consciousness. The technologist will guide the patient to this modified state—an imaginary world that will disassociate itself more and more from the procedure that follows.

“The technologist must build up a story with the patient," Ms. L'Ecuyer said. "The patient is left with the power to choose what he wants to talk about. Do you play sports? Do you like going to the beach? We establish a subject that we will discuss throughout the procedure."

Everything that happens next during the procedure must be related to this story — an injection （注射）becomes the bite of an insect; the heat on the skin becomes the sensation of the sun and a machine that rings becomes a police car passing nearby.

“The important thing is that the technologist associates what is happening outside the patient's body with what the patient sees in his head," Ms. L'Ecuyer said. "It requires creativity on the part of the technologist, imagination, a lot of patience and kindness."

The procedure appealed to the staff a lot when it was introduced in January. It spread like wildfire that someone from France was here to train the technologists," Ms. L'Ecuyer said. She added that she had a line of staff at her door wanting to take the training.

45. One of the results produced by the trial project is _____ .

A. a better understanding of children

B. less use of certain medicines

C. new medical-imaging technology

D. an improved reputation of the hospital

46. The French technologist came to the children's hospital to _____.

A. assist in treating a patient

B. carry out hypnosis training

C. start up a new department

D. learn about the procedure

47. According to Paragraph 5, hypnosis works by _____.

A. creating a perfect world for patients

B. forcing patients into a state of deep sleep

C. putting patients into an unconscious state

D. leading patients' consciousness away from reality

48. What can we learn about the story used in the procedure?

A. It should keep pace with the procedure.

B. It reflects the patient's creativity.

C. It is selected by the technologist.

D. It tells what doctors are doing to the patient.

49. The procedure was received among the staff with _____.

A. uncertainty

B. enthusiasm

C. worry

D. criticism

50. What is the passage mainly about?

A. An easy way to communicate with patients.

B. The standard method of conducting hypnosis.

C. An introduction of medical-imaging technology.

D. The use of hypnosis in medical-imaging procedures.

D

There is something to be said for being a generalist, even if you are a specialist. Knowing a little about a lot of things that interest you can add to the richness of a whole, well-lived life.

Society pushes us to specialize, to become experts. This requires commitment to a particular occupation, branch of study or research. The drawback to being specialists is we often come to know more and more about less and less. There is a great deal of pressure to master one's field. You may pursue training, degrees, or increasing levels of responsibility at work. Then you discover the pressure of having to keep up.

Some people seem willing to work around the clock in their narrow specialty. But such commitment can also weaken a sense of freedom. These specialists could work at the office until ten each night, then look back and realize they would have loved to have gone home and enjoyed the sweetness of their family and friends, or traveled to exciting places, meeting interesting people. Mastering one thing to the exclusion （排 除）of others can hold back your true spirit.

Generalists, on the other hand, know a lot about a wide range of subjects and view the whole with all its connections. They are people of ability, talent, and enthusiasm who can bring their broad perspective （视角）into specific fields of expertise （专长）.The doctor who is also a poet and philosopher is a superior doctor, one who can give so much more to his patients than just good medical skills.

Things are connected. Let your expertise in one field fuel your passions in all related areas. Some of your interests may not appear to be connected but, once you explore their depths, you discover that they are. My editor Toni, who is also a writer, has edited several history books. She has decided to study Chinese history. Fascinated by the structural beauty of the Forbidden City as a painter, she is equally interested to learn more about Chinese philosophy. "I don't know where it will lead, but I'm excited I'm on this pursuit."

These expansions into new worlds help us by giving us new perspectives. We begin to see the interconnectedness of one thing to another in all aspects of our life, of ourselves and the universe. Develop broad, general knowledge and experience. The universe is all yours to explore and enjoy.

51. To become a specialist, one may have to_____.

A. narrow his range of knowledge

B. avoid responsibilities at work

C. know more about the society

D. broaden his perspective on life

52. The specialists mentioned in Paragraph 3 tend to_____.

A. treasure their freedom

B. travel around the world

C. spend most time working

D. enjoy meeting funny people

53. According to the author, a superior doctor is one who_____.

A. is fully aware of his talent and ability

B. is a pure specialist in medicine

C. should love poetry and philosophy

D. brings knowledge of other fields to work

54. What does the author intend to show with the example of Toni?

A. Passion alone does not ensure a person's success.

B. In-depth exploration makes discoveries possible.

C. Everyone has a chance to succeed in their pursuit.

D. Seemingly unrelated interests are in a way connected.

55. What could be the best title for the passage?

A. Be More a Generalist Than a Specialist

B. Specialist or Generalist: Hard to Decide

C. Turn a Generalist into a Specialist

D. Ways to Become a Generalist

第 II 卷

注意事项：

1.用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在答题卡上。

2.本卷共 6 小题，共 35 分。

第三部分：写作

第一节：阅读表达（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

阅读短文，按照题目要求用英语回答问题

I've always been creative since I was a little girl. My childhood was filled with arts, crafts (手工) and music, and every day was an exciting adventure of creation.

Somewhere along the way, however, I lost touch with my creative self. At 21, I landed a job at a big insurance company out of my business degree. I would go to the office, sit at my desk and repeat the same work five days a week 9 to 5. The days were long and tedious. Working this way for one year was painful enough, let alone a lifetime. Before long I decided to make a change.

One thing I had developed an interest in was sewing, so I took a sewing course at a community college. It was only a five-week course but it awakened my interest and got my confidence up.

As I dreamt bigger, I began looking into college courses for Fashion Design and three months later I signed up for a part-time design course. I attended classes two nights a week. Although exhausting, it gave me energy, enthusiasm and happiness.

As it became clearer that fashion was what I wanted to do full time, the reality of my day-to-day work at the insurance company became harder. I felt bored. No energy, no motivation and zero fulfilment (满足感).

I knew I needed to make a bigger change. After struggling for quite a while, I made a difficult decision—leaving my job and studying my design course full time. Two years later I got my diploma.

The last few years have been exciting because I've been following my heart to do what I love. Today I am living a creative life as the designer of my own fashion brand.

Sometimes it's hard to make a change, but I'm so glad I set the wheels of change in motion with that very small first step because it has led me to where I am today.

56. What was the author interested in when she was a little girl? (no more than 10 words)

57. What does the underlined word in Paragraph 2 mean? (1 word)

58. How did the author feel when she was taking the part-time design course? (no more than 10 words)

59. What did the author do to get back to her creative life? Give two of the facts. (no more than 15 words)

60. Do you consider the author as your role model? Please explain. (no more than 20 words)

第二节：书面表达(满分 25 分)

61. 假设你是晨光中学的李津。我市为外国友人提供生活信息的某英文网站新增了《最美中华》栏目，请你给该栏目投稿，介绍一个国内你喜欢或去过的地方。内容包括：

(1)该地方的基本情况(如名称、地理位置等)；

(2)该地方的特色(如文化、景点等)；

(3)你对该地方的印象和感受。

注意：(1)词数不少于 100；

(2)可适当加入细节，使内容充实、行文连贯。

A Beautiful Place in China

March 19, 2021

By Li Jin

_____

_____

_____

参考答案

第一部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节：单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

例：Stand over there _____ you'll be able to see it better.

A. or　B. and　C. but　D. while

答案是 B。

1. —Are you done with the book I gave you?

— _____. I'm still reading the last chapter.

A. Hard to say　B. Not quite　C. Of course　D. It all depends

【答案】B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查情景交际。句意：——我给你的那本书你看完了吗？——还没完全看完。我还在看最后一章。A. Hard to say 很难说；B. Not quite 不完全，未必；C. Of course 当然；D. It all depends 要看情况而定。根据后文“I'm still reading the last chapter.”可知书还没完全看完，not quite 符合语境。故选 B。

2. We all need to get involved in saving energy _____ it's at work, at home, or at school.

A. unless　B. once　C. whether　D. because

【答案】C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查状语从句连接词词义辨析。句意：无论是在工作中，在家里，还是在学校，我们都需要参与到节约能源的活动中来。A.unless 除非；B.once 一旦；C.whether 无论；是否；D.because 因为。分析句子，该空需要一个连词引导让步状语从句，根据句意及后面的 or ，需要表示“无论是…还是…”，whether 符合题意。故选 C 项。

3. We _____ quite enough work for the morning; now let's take a break.

A. have done　B. will do　C. had done　D. were doing

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】考查时态。句意：今天上午我们做的工作够多的了，现在让我们休息一下吧。根据后半句“now let's take a break.”可知，做很多工作这件事情是从过去某个时间开始一直到现在，应用现在完成时。故选 A。

4. While rock-climbing, you need to remain very _____ so that you won't make any dangerous errors.

A. satisfied　B. focused　C. amused　D. delighted

【答案】B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查形容词词义辨析。句意：在攀岩的时候，你需要保持非常专注，这样你就不会犯任何危险的错误。A. satisfied 满意的；B. focused 专注的；C. amused 被逗乐的；D. delighted 高兴的。根据后文“so that you won't make any dangerous errors”可知要想不犯任何危险的错误，攀岩的时候需要保持专注，focused 符合语境。故选 B。

5. Students are encouraged to take control of their own learning, _____ just depending on the teacher.

A. rather than　　B. regardless of　　C. due to　　D. in terms of

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】考查固定搭配。句意：鼓励学生掌控自己　学习，而不是只依赖老师。A. rather than 而不是； B. regardless of 不管，不顾；C. due to 由于； D. in terms of 就……而言。根据前半句鼓励学生掌握自己的学习，可知，后半句应该是而不是依赖老师。故选 A。

6. ---How's the project going?

--- _____ All we have to do is finish the last bit of work.

A. Easy come easy go　　B. Far from it

C. By all means　　D. So far so good

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】考查情景交际。句意：——这个项目进展的如何？——到目前为止，一直都还不错。我们要做的就是完成最后一项工作。A.Easy come easy go 来得容易去得也快；B.Far from it 远非如此；C.By all means 尽一切办法，务必；D.So far so good 到目前为止，一直都还不错。根据下半句可知，目前进展还不错。故选 D。

7. Great improvements in public health have been brought about by _____ in medical science.

A. traditions　　B. advances　　C. pressures　　D. examples

【答案】B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查名词词义辨析。句意：医学的进步带来了公共健康的巨大改善。A. traditions 传统；B. advances 前进，进步；C. pressures 压力；D. examples 例子。根据上文“Great improvements in public health have been brought about”可知，公共健康的巨大改善是由医学的进步带来的，advances 符合语境。故选 B。

8. William Hastie once suggested that history informs us of past mistakes _____ we can learn without repeating them.

A. from which　　B. in which　　C. with whom　　D. for whom

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】考查定语从句。句意：威廉·哈斯蒂曾经说过，历史会告诉我们过去的错误，我们可以从中学习避免重复犯错。分析句子可知，past mistakes 为现行词，_____ we can learn without repeating them.为定语从句，从句中谓语动词 can learn 可知，要从过去的错误中学习，learn from“从……中学习”，可知应用 from which 引导定语从句。故选 A。

9. China's National Highway 318, _____ over 5,000 kilometers from Shanghai to Zhangmu, Tibet, is known as the "heavenly road“ for its amazing views.

A. to extend　　B. extended　　C. extending　　D. being extended

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】考查非谓语动词。句意：中国的国道 318 号，从上海到西藏樟木，延伸出 5000 多公里，因为它的令人赞叹的景观，被熟知为“天堂之路”。分析句子成分可知，is known as 是整个句子的谓语动词，所以空格处应填非谓语动词，extend 与主语 China's National Highway 318 之间的关系为主动，所以用 extending。故选 C。

10. As working from home becomes _____ common, people are finding it easier to combine parenthood with a full-time career.

A. increasingly　　B. equally　　C. nervously　　D. confusingly

【答案】A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查副词词义辨析。句意：随着在家工作变得越来越普遍，人们发现为人父母与全职工作相结合变得越来越容易。A. increasingly 越来越多地，渐增地；B. equally 相等地；C. nervously 紧张地；D. confusingly 令人困惑地。根据后文“people are finding it easier to combine parenthood with a full-time career”可知人们发现为人父母与全职工作相结合变得越来越容易，是因为在家工作变得越来越普遍，increasingly 符合语境。故选 A。

11. Henry David Thoreau was happy to _____ from social life, seeking a harmonious relationship with nature in the quietness of his life.

A. judge　　B. differ　　C. withdraw　　D. benefit

【答案】C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查动词词义辨析。句意：亨利·大卫·梭罗乐于从社交生活中抽身出来，在平静的生活中寻求与自然的和谐关系。A. judge 判断；B. differ 不同；C. withdraw 抽身，撤退；D. benefit 有益于。根据后文“seeking a harmonious relationship with nature in the quietness of his life”可知 Henry David Thoreau 在平静的生活中寻求与自然的和谐关系，所以他乐于从社交生活中抽身出来，withdraw from“离开”。故选 C。

12. Currently, about 35,000 works _____ in over 300 rooms in the Louvre, and it would take a lifetime to see everything.

A. were displaying　　B. are displaying

C. were being displayed　　D. are being displayed

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】考查时态和语态。目前，大约有 35000 件作品陈列在卢浮宫的 300 多个展室里，要看完所有的展品恐怕要花一辈子的时间。根据上文“Currently(目前)”可知，应该用现在进行时；display 与主语 works 之间为被动关系，所以用现在进行时的被动。故选 D。

13. What puzzles Lily's friends is _____ she always has so many crazy ideas.

A. whether　　B. why　　C. what　　D. when

【答案】B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】考查连接词词义辨析。句意：令 Lily 的朋友们感到困扰的是她为什么总是有这么多疯狂的想法。A. whether 是否；B. why 为什么；C. what 什么，所…的事儿；D. when 什么时间，…的时间。分析句子，该空需要一个表语从句的连接词，结合句意，应该是朋友们不明白 Lily 为什么有这么多疯狂的想法。所以本句为 why 引导的表语从句。故选 B 项。

14. It used to be that you ___drive for miles here without seeing another person, but now there are houses and people everywhere.

A. need　　B. should　　C. could　　D. must

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】考查情态动词。句意：以前你可能在这里开了几英里，都没见过别人，但现在到处都是房子和人。A. need 需要；B. should 应该，理应如此； C. could 可能，表示对客观可能性的推测；D. must 一定，必须。根据前半句意思可知，表示的是对客观可能性的推测。故选 C。

15. At the Chinese art festival, there are different stands _____ artists demonstrate their skills and teach the visitors.

A. where　　B. which　　C. that　　D. when

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】考查定语从句。句意：在中国艺术节上有不同的展台，在那里艺术家可以展示他们的技巧并教给参观者。分析句子成分可知，stands 作先行词，空格后的句子为定语从句来修饰 stands ，从句中不缺主宾表，故选关系副词，先行词 stands 在从句中作地点状语，所以应用 where。故选 A。

第二节：完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从 16∽35 各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

For most people, having things stolen feels like an offence. Robbie Pruitt admitted that he got ____16____ when he discovered the theft of his mountain bike last September. But soon enough, his ____17____ took a turn. After letting go of his anger and frustration, he found himself on *a* road to sympathy ____18____.

For Pruitt, a keen bicyclist, the first thing to do was ____19____ his stolen bike. But when he went bike shopping, he found few available, which got him thinking: What if the ____20____ of bikes was Covid-19 related, and what if the person who'd taken his bike really needed ____21____ to get to work?

With that thought in mind, Pruitt ____22____ a plan and posted it on the community website. He ____23____ to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it. He also asked for unwanted bikes, which he would repair-again ____24____. And then he would donate them to folks who could truly use them but didn't have the ____25____ to buy one.

The day the post went live, Pruitt received thirty ____26____ bicycles. Then came more than 500 ____27____ for detailed information. By the end of 2020, Pruitt had repaired more than 140 for donation or to be ____28____ to their owners.

Pruitt tries to give his donations to families that are ____29____ struggling. ____30____ simply satisfying a material need, he has provided an opportunity for kids in his neighborhood to learn how to fix their own bikes.

In addition to ____31____ skills, Pruitt's lessons teach teamwork, encourage self-worth, and promote feelings of community. ____32____, the kids have gained a sense of accomplishment.

"It's a really great ____33____ for kids," said a neighbor in an interview with the local newspaper. "Pruitt is certainly providing a ____34____, but it's not just the bikes. It's the relationships in the community. It's the ____35____ that he can make on people."

16. A. amazed	B. mad	C. curious	D. frightened
17. A. emotions	B. career	C. opinions	D. route
18. A. ever	B. together	C. instead	D. yet
19. A. ride	B. lock	C. repair	D. replace
20. A. lack	B. variety	C. increase	D. quality
21. A. instruction	B. qualification	C. transportation	D. permission
22. A. came up with	B. stuck to	C. gave up	D. broke away from
23. A. remembered	B. refused	C. hesitated	D. offered
24. A. by accident	B. in advance	C. for free	D. on credit
25. A. profit	B. budget	C. courage	D. excuse
26. A. shared	B. used	C. expensive	D. modern
27. A. enquiries	B. advertisements	C. notices	D. announcements
28. A. exported	B. sold	C. lent	D. returned
29. A. hardly	B. slightly	C. truly	D. instantly
30. A. Without	B. Beyond	C. Upon	D. Among
31. A. practical	B. commercial	C. mathematical	D. social
32. A. Otherwise	B. However	C. Somehow	D. Meanwhile
33. A. promise	B. celebration	C. comfort	D. experience
34. A. competition	B. service	C. ceremony	D. suggestion
35. A. compromise	B. impression	C. impact	D. progress

【答案】16. B 17. A 18. C 19. D 20. A 21. C 22. A 23. D 24. C 25. B 26. B 27. A 28. D 29. C 30. C 31. A 32. D 33. D 34. B 35. C

【解析】

【分析】这是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了 Robbie Pruitt 在自己的自行车被偷后，想出了给人免费修车的计划。他把这一计划发布到了网上，主动提出为有需要的人免费修理自行车。他还想要一些没人要的自行车，他愿意再免费修理一次。然后他会把它们捐给那些真正需要它们但没有预算买的人。他还教授邻居的孩子们免费修车，得到了邻居的赞赏。

【16 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：Robbie Pruitt 承认，去年 9 月发现他的山地车被盗时，他很生气。A. amazed 惊讶的；B. mad 生气的；C. curious 好奇的；D. frightened 害怕的。根据后文“letting go of his anger”可知发现车被偷，Robbie Pruitt 当时很生气。故选 B。

【17 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：但很快，他的情绪发生了变化。A. emotions 情绪；B. career 事业；C. opinions 观点；D. route 路线。结合后文“After letting go of his anger and frustration, he found himself on a road to sympathy”可知 Robbie Pruitt 从生气沮丧变成了同情，情绪发生了变化。故选 A。

【18 题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：在放下愤怒和沮丧之后，他发现自己走上了同情之路。A. ever 曾经；B. together 一起；C. instead 相反；D. yet 然而。结合上文“he found himself on a road to sympathy”可知，发现自己的车被偷，Robbie Pruitt 放下愤怒和沮丧，反而走上了同情他人的道路。故选 C。

【19 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：对于热衷于骑自行车的 Pruitt 来说，第一件要做的事就是取代他被偷的自行车。A. ride 骑车；B. lock 锁上；C. repair 修理；D. replace 取代。根据后文“his stolen bike. But when he went bike shopping”可知车被偷，Pruitt 要买车来取代被偷的自行车。故选 D。

【20 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：但当他去买自行车时，发现几乎没有自行车，这让他想到：如果缺少自行车与 Covid-19 有关，如果骑他自行车的人真的需要交通工具去上班呢？A. lack 缺乏；B. variety 多样；C. increase 增加；D. quality 质量。根据上文“he found few available”可知商店里也缺少自行车。故选 A。

【21 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：但当他去买自行车时，发现几乎没有自行车，这让他想到：如果缺少自行车与 Covid-19 有关，如果骑他自行车的人真的需要交通工具去上班呢？A. instruction 指令；B. qualification 资格；C. transportation 运输工具；D. permission 允许。根据前后文“needed … to get to work”可知，Pruitt 猜测偷自己自行车的人是因为确实需要交通工具去上班。故选 C。

【22 题详解】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：带着这个想法，Pruitt 想出了一个计划，并把它发布在了社区网站上。A. came up with 提出；B. stuck to 坚持；C. gave up 放弃；D. broke away from 突然逃跑。根据后文“a plan and posted it on the community website”指想出了一个计划，come up with 符合语境。故选 A。

【23 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他主动提出为有需要的人免费修理自行车。A. remembered 记得；B. refused 拒绝；C. hesitated 犹豫；D. offered 提议。结合后文“to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it”指 Pruitt 提议为他人免费修车，offer to do sth.“主动提出做某事”。故选 D。

【24 题详解】

考查固定短语辨析。句意：他还想要一些没人要的自行车，他愿意再免费修理一次。A. by accident 偶然；B. in advance 提前；C. for free 免费；D. on credit 赊账。呼应上文“fix bikes free of charge”他的修车都是免费的。故选 C。

【25 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：然后他会把它们捐给那些真正需要它们但没有预算买的人。A. profit 利润；B. budget 预算；C. courage 勇气；D. excuse 借口。根据前后文“folks who could truly use them but didn't have the…to buy one”可知，Pruitt 捐车的对象是那些需要车但是预算不够，买不起的人，but 表示转折，说明预算紧张。故选 B。

【26 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这一帖子发布当天，Pruitt 收到了 30 辆二手自行车。A. shared 共享的；B. used 二手的；C. expensive 昂贵的；D. modern 现代的。根据上文“He also asked for unwanted bikes”可知，Pruitt 也回收不想要的二手车，所以在帖子发布当天收到了 30 辆二手自行车。故选 B。

【27 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：然后就来了 500 多个询问详细信息的询问。A. enquiries 询问；B. advertisements 广告；C. notices 通知；D. announcements 公告。根据后文“for detailed information”可知有询问详细信息的询问。故选 A。

【28 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：到 2020 年底，Pruitt 已经修复了 140 多件自行车，这些自行车要么捐赠，要么返还原主。A. exported 出口；B. sold 出售；C. lent 借给；D. returned 返回，返还。结合后文“to their owners”指修好的车返还给主人，return 符合语境。故选 D。

【29 题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：Pruitt 试图把他的捐赠捐给那些真正生活困难挣扎的家庭。A. hardly 几乎不；B. slightly 轻微地；C. truly 真实地；D. instantly 立即。此处呼应上文“folks who could truly use them”指 Pruitt 的捐赠都是给那些真正生活有困难的家庭的。故选 C。

【30 题详解】

考查介词词义辨析。句意：在仅仅满足物质需求的基础上，他为邻居的孩子们提供了一个学习如何修理自行车的机会。A. Without 没有；B. Beyond 越过；超过；C. Upon 在……上；D. Among 在……中间。结合后文“he has provided an opportunity for kids in his neighborhood to learn how to fix their own bikes”可知，不仅满足了物质上的需求，还提供了学习如何修理自行车的机会。故选 B。

【31 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：除了实用技能，Pruitt 的课程还教授团队合作，鼓励自我价值，促进社区感觉。A. practical 实际的；B. commercial 商业的；C. mathematical 数学的；D. social 社会的。根据上文“he has provided an opportunity for kids in his neighborhood to learn how to fix their own bikes.”可知，Pruitt 为邻居的孩子们提供了一个学习如何修理自行车的机会，即教授他们实用技能。故选 A。

【32 题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：同时，孩子们也有了一种成就感。A. Otherwise 否则；B. However 然而；C. Somehow 不知怎么；D. Meanwhile 同时。根据前后文语境，可知孩子们通过参加 Pruitt 的课程，学到了实用技能，同时还有了一种成就感，Meanwhile 符合语境。故选 D。

【33 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：一位邻居在接受当地报纸采访时说：“对孩子们来说，这真是一次很棒的经历。”A. promise 承诺；B. celebration 庆祝；C. comfort 安慰；D. experience 经历。根据语境，参与 Pruitt 的课程对孩子们来说，是一次经历。故选 D。

【34 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Pruitt 当然会提供服务，但不仅仅是自行车。A. competition 比赛；B. service 服务；C. ceremony 典礼；D. suggestion 建议。结合上文可知，Pruitt 为人们免费修车，还为社区的孩子教授如何修车，所以他提供的是服务。故选 B。

【35 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：而是他能对人们产生的影响。A. compromise 妥协；B. impression 印象；C. impact 影响；D. progress 进步。根据后文“he can make on people”可知为短语 make impact on“对……产生影响”。故选 C。

第二部分：阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 50 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Job for You!

Family Alliance Meal Delivery Family Alliance is looking for people who can deliver hot Chinese meals one to two times a week for people with disabilities in north suburban Fairfield County. All applicants must have a driver's license and access to a car. Gas will be covered for each delivery. Working hours: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Tuesdays and Fridays For more information contact Charles Chen at cchen@famd.com Or call 740-6668988	Lancaster Design We provide full furnishings, like donated kitchen equipment and furniture items, for the new homes of people who were oncehomeless. We need people who can work at our warehouse （仓库）sorting and packing items to be delivered to families, repair donated furniture and more. Candidates will be matched with a task based on skill set. Interested? Submit your application to www.lancasterdesign.org Or call 740-6119735
Lancaster Weekly Would you like the opportunity to earn extra cash close to home? If so we have a vacancy in our team which would suit you. Both adults and youngsters aged 13+ are required to deliver our newspaper. You may I have to cover some distance. Bicycles are available if needed. Working hours: 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. Saturdays For more information Call 740-6538360	Parkview Nursing Home Caregivers are wanted. We seek people who are patient and caring, and who have experience and interest in working with older adults. As part of the package, initial and follow-up training sessions are provided and accommodation is available if required. For more details, visit us at Unit 3 Park View Lane Or contact Ellen White at 740-6968399

36. Which job requires a driver's license?

A. Delivering meals.

B. Delivering newspapers.

C. Working at the warehouse.

D. Working at the nursing home.

37. Which of the following is TRUE about the Lancaster Design job?

A. Applicants are expected to design furniture.

B. Work is arranged according to one's skill set.

C. It involves collecting furniture from homes.

D. It favors applicants who are homeless.

38. A middle-school student is most likely to be hired by.

A. Family Alliance Meal Delivery

B. Lancaster Design

C. Lancaster Weekly

D. Parkview Nursing Home

39. Which number should you call if you want to work with the elderly?

A. 740-6668988.

B. 740-6119735.

C. 740-6538360.

D. 740-6968399.

【答案】36. A　37. B　38. C　39. D

【解析】

【分析】这是一篇应用文。文章刊登了四则招工广告。

【36 题详解】

细节理解题。该小题问哪份儿工作需要有驾照。根据第一则广告第二段“All applicants must have a driver's license and access to a car.（所有的申请人都必须有驾照并要有可使用的汽车。）”可知，第一则广告招聘外卖送餐工，并要求应聘者有驾照。故选 A 项。

【37 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 Lancaster Design 广告“Candidates will be matched with a task based on skill set.（应聘者将会被安排与自己技术相匹配的任务。）可知，B 项（Lancaster Design job 的工作是根据个人的技能来安排的）这一表述正确。故选 B 项。

【38 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 Lancaster Weekly“Both adults and youngsters aged 13+ are required to deliver our newspaper.（成人和 13 岁以上的青少年都可以投递我们的报纸。）可知，中学生（13+）也有可能会被 Lancaster Weekly 雇佣。故选 C 项。

【39 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 Parkview Nursing Home 广告部分“We seek people who are patient and caring, and who have experience and interest in working with older adults.(我们寻找有耐心，有爱心，有经验和兴趣与老年人一起工作的人。)可知，Parkview Nursing Home 招聘照顾老人的员工，他们养老院的电话是 740-6968399。故选 D 项。

B

About five weeks ago, I noticed the skin of our pet lizard was growing dusty. It worried me. I reported the strange surface on the skin of the lizard to my husband and children the next morning. Seconds later, our lizard emerged from its tank with its old skin flowing behind it.

I didn't think about it much until a morning last week when I knocked my favorite teapot off the table. It burst into hundreds of pieces. As I swept up the mess, I wondered why we had been breaking so many things over the months.

The destruction started three months ago. It was my husband's birthday. He had just lost his job. The uncertainty was starting to wear on us, so I wanted to do something special.

“Let's make a cake for Dad!” I cried.

My kids screamed with joy. We baked, iced and sprinkled for most of the day. Candles on the cake! Balloons on the walls! Flowers on the table!

Two hours before my husband came back home from another job interview, my daughter climbed up to grab a glass vase from a high shelf. It fell and crashed beside the cake. Tiny pieces of glass were everywhere. She sobbed loudly as I threw the cake away. My husband had banana pudding for his birthday.

Three days ago, the light in our living room suddenly went out. After several frustrating hours of unsuccessful attempts to fix it, my husband suggested watching the Michael Jordan documentary series *The Last Dance.*

The poignancy of Jordan retiring from his beloved basketball to play baseball and what had pushed him to make such a tough decision took me by surprise. As I watched him take off his basketball uniform and replace it with a baseball uniform, I saw him leaving behind the layer that no longer served him, just as our lizard had. Neither of them chose the moment that had transformed them. But they had to live with who they were after everything was different. Just like us. I realized that we have to learn to leave the past behind.

Humans do not shed skin as easily as other animals. The beginning of change is upsetting. The process is tiring. Damage changes us before we are ready. I see our lizard, raw and nearly new.

Jordan said that no matter how it ends, it starts with hope. With our tender, hopeful skin, that is where we begin.

40. What can we learn about the pet lizard from Paragraph 1?

A. Its tank grew dirty.　　B. Its old skin came off.

C. It got a skin disease.　　D. It went missing.

41. Why did the author's husband have banana pudding for his birthday?

A. The birthday cake was ruined.　　B. The author made good puddings.

C. Pudding was his favorite dessert.　　D. They couldn't afford a birthday cake.

42. Why does the author mention *The Last Dance* in the passage?

A. To prove a theory.　　B. To define a concept.

C. To develop the theme.　　D. To provide the background.

43. The underlined part "leaving behind the layer" in Paragraph 8 can be understood as____.

A. letting go of the past　　B. looking for a new job

C. getting rid of a bad habit　　D. giving up an opportunity

44. What does the author most likely want to tell us?

A. Love of family helps us survive great hardships.　　B. It's not the end of the world if we break things.

C. We should move on no matter what happens.　　D. Past experiences should be treasured.

【答案】40. B　41. A　42. C　43. A　44. C

【解析】

【分析】这是一篇夹叙夹议文。讲述了作者的丈夫刚刚丢了工作，这种不确定性开始影响到家人，直到作者看到家里的宠物蜥蜴换皮和观看了 Michael Jordan 的纪录片《最后的舞蹈》后，领悟到我们必须学会把过去抛在脑后，像蜥蜴一样，用我们柔嫩、充满希望的皮肤，作为人生的起点。

【40 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段中“I reported the strange surface on the skin of the lizard to my husband and children the next morning. Seconds later, our lizard emerged from its tank with its old skin flowing behind it.(第二天早上，我向丈夫和孩子们报告了蜥蜴皮肤上奇怪的表面。几秒钟后，我们的蜥蜴从水箱里出来，旧皮肤蜕了下来)”可知，宠物蜥蜴旧的皮肤脱落了。故选 B。

【41 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第六段“Two hours before my husband came back home from another job interview, my daughter climbed up to grab a glass vase from a high shelf. It fell and crashed beside the cake. Tiny pieces of glass were everywhere. She sobbed loudly as I threw the cake away. My husband had banana pudding for his birthday.(就在我丈夫参加另一场工作面试回家前两个小时，我女儿爬到一个高高的架子上，抓起一个玻璃花瓶。它掉下来摔碎在蛋糕旁边。到处都是细

小的玻璃碎片。我把蛋糕扔掉时，她大声抽泣。我丈夫生日吃了香蕉布丁)”可知，作者的丈夫过生日吃了香蕉布丁是因为生日蛋糕毁了。故选 A。

【42 题详解】

推理判断题。根据倒数第三段“The poignancy of Jordan retiring from his beloved basketball to play baseball and what had pushed him to make such a tough decision took me by surprise. As I watched him take off his basketball uniform and replace it with a baseball uniform, I saw him leaving behind the layer that no longer served him, just as our lizard had. Neither of them chose the moment that had transformed them. But they had to live with who they were after everything was different. Just like us. I realized that we have to learn to leave the past behind.(Jordan 从心爱的篮球退役，转而打棒球，这是多么令人痛心的事情，是什么促使他做出如此艰难的决定，让我感到惊讶。当我看着他脱下篮球服，换上棒球服时，我看到他脱下了那层不再适合他的衣服，就像我们的蜥蜴一样。他们都没有选择那个改变了他们的时刻。但他们必须和自己生活在一起因为一切都变了。就像我们一样。我意识到我们必须学会把过去抛在脑后)”以及最后一段“Jordan said that no matter how it ends, it starts with hope. With our tender, hopeful skin, that is where we begin.(Jordan 说，不管结局如何，都是以希望开始的。用我们柔嫩、充满希望的皮肤，那是我们的起点)”可推知，作者在文章中提到 The Last Dance 是为了展开文章关于放手过去，重新开始的主题。故选 C。

【43 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据画线词后文“Neither of them chose the moment that had transformed them. But they had to live with who they were after everything was different. Just like us. I realized that we have to learn to leave the past behind.(他们都没有选择那个改变了他们的时刻。但他们必须和自己生活在一起因为一切都变了。就像我们一样。我意识到我们必须学会把过去抛在脑后)”可知，作者看着乔丹脱下篮球服，换上棒球服时，意识到看到他放开了过去，把过去抛在脑后了。即画线词意思是“放开过去”。故选 A。

【44 题详解】

推理判断题。根据倒数第二段“Humans do not shed skin as easily as other animals. The beginning of change is upsetting. The process is tiring. Damage changes us before we are ready. I see our lizard, raw and nearly new.(人类不像其他动物那样容易蜕皮。变革的开始令人不安。这个过程很累人。伤害在我们准备好之前就改变了我们。我看到了我们生嫩的、几乎是全新的蜥蜴)”以及最后一段“Jordan said that no matter how it ends, it starts with hope. With our tender, hopeful skin, that is where we begin.(Jordan 说，不管结局如何，都是以希望开始的。用我们柔嫩、充满希望的皮肤，那是我们的起点)”可推知，作者最有可能想告诉我们无论发生什么，我们都应该继续前进。故选 C。

C

A trial project by the Montreal Children's Hospital suggested that the use of medical hypnosis(催眠)can reduce pain and anxiety in patients. The project also resulted in a reduction in the amount of medicines used to perform medical-imaging imaging(医学影像) procedures.

“During the examination children don't move. It works perfectly. It's amazing,“ said Johanne L'Ecuyer, a medical-imaging technologist at the hospital.

The project was inspired by a French team from Rouen University Hospital Centre where examinations are done under hypnosis instead of general anesthesia(麻醉）.

A French medical-imaging technologist-also a hypnotist — was invited to train a few members in the medical-imaging department of the children's hospital. In all 80 examinations were conducted for the project between January and September, 2019, focusing on the imaging procedures that would cause anxiety.

Hypnosis is not *a* state of sleep: It is rather a modified(改变的)state of consciousness. The technologist will guide the patient to this modified state—an imaginary world that will disassociate itself more and more from the procedure that follows.

“The technologist must build up a story with the patient," Ms. L'Ecuyer said. "The patient is left with the power to choose what he wants to talk about. Do you play sports? Do you like going to the beach? We establish a subject that we will discuss throughout the procedure."

Everything that happens next during the procedure must be related to this story — an injection （注射）becomes the bite of an insect; the heat on the skin becomes the sensation of the sun and a machine that rings becomes a police car passing nearby.

“The important thing is that the technologist associates what is happening outside the patient's body with what the patient sees in his head," Ms. L'Ecuyer said. "It requires creativity on the part of the technologist, imagination, a lot of patience and kindness."

The procedure appealed to the staff a lot when it was introduced in January. It spread like wildfire that someone from France was here to train the technologists," Ms. L'Ecuyer said. She added that she had a line of staff at her door wanting to take the training.

45. One of the results produced by the trial project is _____ .

A. a better understanding of children

B. less use of certain medicines

C. new medical-imaging technology

D. an improved reputation of the hospital

46. The French technologist came to the children's hospital to _____.

A. assist in treating a patient

B. carry out hypnosis training

C. start up a new department

D. learn about the procedure

47. According to Paragraph 5, hypnosis works by _____.

A. creating a perfect world for patients

B. forcing patients into a state of deep sleep

C. putting patients into an unconscious state

D. leading patients' consciousness away from reality

48. What can we learn about the story used in the procedure?

A. It should keep pace with the procedure.

B. It reflects the patient's creativity.

C. It is selected by the technologist.

D. It tells what doctors are doing to the patient.

49. The procedure was received among the staff with _____.

A. uncertainty

B. enthusiasm

C. worry

D. criticism

50. What is the passage mainly about?

A. An easy way to communicate with patients.

B. The standard method of conducting hypnosis.

C. An introduction of medical-imaging technology.

D. The use of hypnosis in medical-imaging procedures.

【答案】45. B　46. B　47. D　48. A　49. B　50. D

【解析】

【分析】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述了蒙特利尔儿童医院的一个试验项目表明催眠技术的使用可以减轻病人的痛苦和焦虑。一位法国医学影像技术专家——也是一位催眠师被邀请到儿童医院的医学影像部门培训几位员工。

【45 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段“The project also resulted in a reduction in the amount of medicines used to perform medical-imaging(医学影像)procedures.”（该项目还导致用于医学影像程序的药品数量减少。）可知，实验的结果之一就是减少某些药物的使用。故选 B。

【46 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段“A French medical-imaging technologist--also a hypnotist -- was invited to train a few members in the medical-imaging department of the children's hospital.”（一位法国医学影像技术专家——也是一位催眠师被邀请到儿童医院的医学影像部门培训几位员工）可知，法国技术专家来儿童医院是做催眠培训来的。故选 B。

【47 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第五段第一句“Hypnosis is not *a* state of sleep: It is rather a modified （改变的）state of consciousness. The technologist will guide the patient to this modified state—an imaginary world that will disassociate itself more and more from the procedure that follows.”（催眠状态不是一种睡眠的状态：而是一种被改变的意识状态。技术专家会引导病人进入这种改变的状态——一个想象中的世界，它会越来越脱离接下来的程序）可知，催眠是引导病人的意识远离现实，进入一个想象中的世界。故选 D。

【48 题详解】

推理判断题。根据倒数第三段“Everything that happens next during the procedure must be related to this story”（催眠过程中接下来发生的一切都必须和这个故事有关）以及倒数第二段“The important thing is that the technologist associates what is happening outside the patient's body with what the patient sees in his head”（重要的是技术专家把病人身体外发生的事情和他在大脑里看到的联系起来）可知，故事必须跟整个催眠过程同步。故选 A。

【49 题详解】

细节理解题。根据倒数第一段“The procedure appealed to the staff a lot when it was introduced in January.”（这个程序在一月份开始引进的时候，吸引了很多员工）以及最后一句“She added that she had a line of staff at her door wanting to take the training.”（她补充说，有一队员工在她门口等着接受培训）可知，这个催眠程序受到了员工的欢迎。A. uncertainty 不确定；B. enthusiasm 热情；C. worry 担心；D. criticism 批评。故选 B。

【50 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据文章第一段“A trial project by the Montreal Children's Hospital suggested that the use of medical hypnosis(催眠)can reduce pain and anxiety in patients. The project also resulted in a reduction in the amount of medicines used to perform medical-imaging imaging(医学影像) procedures.”（蒙特利尔儿童医院的一个试验项目表明催眠技术的

使用可以减轻病人的痛苦和焦虑。一位法国医学影像技术专家——也是一位催眠师被邀请到儿童医院的医学影像部门培训几位员工）可知，全文主要讲述催眠技术在医学影像程序中的应用。故选 D。

D

There is something to be said for being a generalist, even if you are a specialist. Knowing a little about a lot of things that interest you can add to the richness of a whole, well-lived life.

Society pushes us to specialize, to become experts. This requires commitment to a particular occupation, branch of study or research. The drawback to being specialists is we often come to know more and more about less and less. There is a great deal of pressure to master one's field. You may pursue training, degrees, or increasing levels of responsibility at work. Then you discover the pressure of having to keep up.

Some people seem willing to work around the clock in their narrow specialty. But such commitment can also weaken a sense of freedom. These specialists could work at the office until ten each night, then look back and realize they would have loved to have gone home and enjoyed the sweetness of their family and friends, or traveled to exciting places, meeting interesting people. Mastering one thing to the exclusion （排 除）of others can hold back your true spirit.

Generalists, on the other hand, know a lot about a wide range of subjects and view the whole with all its connections. They are people of ability, talent, and enthusiasm who can bring their broad perspective （视角）into specific fields of expertise （专长）.The doctor who is also a poet and philosopher is a superior doctor, one who can give so much more to his patients than just good medical skills.

Things are connected. Let your expertise in one field fuel your passions in all related areas. Some of your interests may not appear to be connected but, once you explore their depths, you discover that they are. My editor Toni, who is also a writer, has edited several history books. She has decided to study Chinese history. Fascinated by the structural beauty of the Forbidden City as a painter, she is equally interested to learn more about Chinese philosophy. "I don't know where it will lead, but I'm excited I'm on this pursuit."

These expansions into new worlds help us by giving us new perspectives. We begin to see the interconnectedness of one thing to another in all aspects of our life, of ourselves and the universe. Develop broad, general knowledge and experience. The universe is all yours to explore and enjoy.

51. To become a specialist, one may have to_____.

A. narrow his range of knowledge

B. avoid responsibilities at work

C. know more about the society

D. broaden his perspective on life

52 The specialists mentioned in Paragraph 3 tend to_____.

A. treasure their freedom

B. travel around the world

C. spend most time working

D. enjoy meeting funny people

53. According to the author, a superior doctor is one who_____.

A. is fully aware of his talent and ability

B. is a pure specialist in medicine

C. should love poetry and philosophy

D. brings knowledge of other fields to work

54. What does the author intend to show with the example of Toni?

A. Passion alone does not ensure a person's success.

B. In-depth exploration makes discoveries possible.

C. Everyone has a chance to succeed in their pursuit.

D. Seemingly unrelated interests are in a way connected.

55. What could be the best title for the passage?

A. Be More a Generalist Than a Specialist

B. Specialist or Generalist: Hard to Decide

C. Turn a Generalist into a Specialist

D. Ways to Become a Generalist

【答案】51. A　52. C　53. D　54. D　55. A

【解析】

【分析】本文是议论文。文章论述了要当一个多面手，而不是当某方面的专家。

【51 题详解】

推理判断题。文章第二段中提到“This requires commitment to a particular occupation, branch of study or research. The drawback to being specialists is we often come to know more and more about less and less.（成为专家需要对特定的职业、研究领域的投入。成为专家的缺点是我们常常对越来越少的知识领域了解得越来越多。）”根据“know … about less and less”可知，要成为一名专家，了解到的知识领域会越来越少，会缩小他的知识范围。故选 A。

【52 题详解】

细节理解题。第三段中提到“Some people seem willing to work around the clock in their narrow specialty. …These specialists could work at the office until ten each night (有些人似乎愿意在他们狭隘的专业领域夜以继日地工作。……这些专家可以每天晚上在办公室工作到十点。)”由此可知，这些专家往往花大部分的时间在工作上。故选 C。

【53 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第四段中“The doctor who is also a poet and philosopher is a superior doctor, one who can give so much more to his patients than just good medical skills. (这位既是诗人又是哲学家的医生是一位优秀的医生，他能给他的病人提供比良好的医术更多的东西。)”可知，作者认为一名优秀的医生可以将其他领域的知识带到工作中。故选 D。

【54 题详解】

推理判断题。文章第五段中提到“Things are connected. Let your expertise in one field fuel your passions in all related areas. Some of your interests may not appear to be connected but, once you explore their depths, you discover that they are.（事物之间是有联系的。让你在一个领域的专长激发你在所有相关领域的热情。你的一些兴趣可能看起来没有联系，但一旦你深入探索，你就会发现它们是有联系的。）”；下文举出 Toni 的例子“My editor Toni, who is also a writer, has edited several history books. She has decided to study Chinese history. Fascinated by the structural beauty of the Forbidden City as a painter, she is equally interested to learn more about Chinese philosophy.（我的编辑 Toni 也是一位作家，她编辑过几本历史书。她已决定学习中国历史。作为一名画家，她痴迷于紫禁城的建筑之美，同时也对更多地了解中国哲学感兴趣。）”由此可以推断，作者想通过 Toni 的例子说明看似不相关的兴趣，如果深入探索的话，在某种程度上是有联系的。故选 D。

【55 题详解】

主旨大意题。文章第一段提出观点“There is something to be said for being a generalist, even if you are a specialist.”作者提出即使你是一个专家，也应该当一个通才；文章第二段提出“The drawback to being specialists is we often come to know more and more about less and less. ”说明成为专家的不足之处是我们常常对越来越少的知识领域了解得越来越深；第四段中提到“Generalists, …, know a lot about a wide range of subjects and view the whole with all its connections.”说明当通才的优点往往对广泛的学科了解得很多，并从整体上来看其中的所有的联系。作者的观点是应该当一个通才。因此文章的标题应为“Be More a Generalist Than a Specialist（做一个通才，而不是专家）”。故选 A。

第 II 卷

注意事项：

1.用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在答题卡上。

2.本卷共 6 小题，共 35 分。

第三部分：写作

第一节：阅读表达（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

阅读短文，按照题目要求用英语回答问题。

I’ve always been creative since I was a little girl. My childhood was filled with arts, crafts (手工) and music, and every day was an exciting adventure of creation.

Somewhere along the way, however, I lost touch with my creative self. At 21, I landed a job at a big insurance company out of my business degree. I would go to the office, sit at my desk and repeat the same work five days a week 9 to 5. The days were long and tedious. Working this way for one year was painful enough, let alone a lifetime. Before long I decided to make a change.

One thing I had developed an interest in was sewing, so I took a sewing course at a community college. It was only a five-week course but it awakened my interest and got my confidence up.

As I dreamt bigger, I began looking into college courses for Fashion Design and three months later I signed up for a part-time design course. I attended classes two nights a week. Although exhausting, it gave me energy, enthusiasm and happiness.

As it became clearer that fashion was what I wanted to do full time, the reality of my day-to-day work at the insurance company became harder. I felt bored. No energy, no motivation and zero fulfilment (满足感).

I knew I needed to make a bigger change. After struggling for quite a while, I made a difficult decision—leaving my job and studying my design course full time. Two years later I got my diploma.

The last few years have been exciting because I’ve been following my heart to do what I love. Today I am living a creative life as the designer of my own fashion brand.

Sometimes it’s hard to make a change, but I’m so glad I set the wheels of change in motion with that very small first step because it has led me to where I am today.

56. What was the author interested in when she was a little girl? (no more than 10 words)

57. What does the underlined word in Paragraph 2 mean? (1 word)

58. How did the author feel when she was taking the part-time design course? (no more than 10 words)

59. What did the author do to get back to her creative life? Give two of the facts. (no more than 15 words)

60. Do you consider the author as your role model? Please explain. (no more than 20 words)

【答案】56. She was interested in arts, crafts and music.

Or: She was interested in creative things.

57. Boring./Dull./Uninteresting.

58. She felt/was energetic, enthusiastic and happy.

Or: She was filled with energy, enthusiasm and happiness.

59. She quit/quitted her job and took the fashion-design course.

Or: She attended a sewing class and took a part-time design course.

60. Yes, (I do). She has the courage to follow her heart and do what she really likes.

Or: Yes, (I do). I'd like to live a creative life and make changes when necessary as she. Or: No, (I don't). I don't like changes and I want to live a secure life.

【解析】

【分析】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了作者坚持做自己真正喜欢做的事情，最后取得了成功。

【56 题详解】

考查细节理解。根据文章第一段内容"I've always been creative since I was a little girl. My childhood was filled with arts, crafts (手工) and music, and every day was an exciting adventure of creation.（从我还是一个小女孩的时候起，我就很有创造力。我的童年充满了艺术、手工艺和音乐，每一天都是令人兴奋的创作冒险。）"可知，从作者还是一个小女孩的时候起，她就对有创意的东西感兴趣，对艺术、手工艺和音乐感兴趣。故答案为 She was interested in arts, crafts and music./ She was interested in creative things.

【57 题详解】

考查词义猜测。根据画线单词所在句后句"Working this way for one year was painful enough, let alone a lifetime. Before long I decided to make a change.（这样工作一年已经够痛苦的了，更别说一辈子了。不久我决定做出改变。）"可知，作者现在的工作让她感到痛苦，她并不喜欢这份工作。再根据第五段内容"As it became clearer that fashion was what I wanted to do full time, the reality of my day-to-day work at the insurance company became harder. I felt bored. No energy, no motivation and zero fulfilment (满足感).（当我越来越清楚地意识到时尚是我全职想要做的事情时，我在保险公司的日常工作变得更加困难。我觉得无聊。没有活力，没有动力，没有满足感。）"可知，作者真正喜欢的是和时尚相关的工作，保险公司的工作让她感觉无聊。由此可知，画线单词所在句表示的是，在保险公司工作的日子漫长而乏味。故答案为 Boring./Dull./Uninteresting.

【58 题详解】

考查细节理解。根据文章第四段内容"As I dreamt bigger, I began looking into college courses for Fashion Design and three months later I signed up for a part-time design course. I attended classes two nights a week. Although exhausting, it gave me energy, enthusiasm and happiness.（当我的梦想更大的时候，我开始研究时装设计的大学课程，三个月后我报名参加了一个兼职设计课程。我每周上两晚课。虽然很累，但它给了我活力、热情和快乐。）"可知，在参加了兼职设计课程后，作者感觉充满了活力、热情和快乐。故答案为 She felt/was energetic, enthusiastic and happy./ She was filled with energy, enthusiasm and happiness.

【59 题详解】

考查细节理解。根据文章第三段关键句"One thing I had developed an interest in was sewing, so I took a sewing course at a community college.（我对缝纫产生了兴趣，所以我在一所社区大学上了缝纫课。）"，第四段关键句"As I dreamt bigger, I began looking into college courses for Fashion Design and three months later I signed up for a part-time design course.（当我的梦想更大的时候，我开始研究时装设计的大学课程，三个月后我报名参加了一个兼职设计课程。）"和倒数第三段内容"I knew I needed to make a bigger change. After struggling for quite a while, I made a difficult

decision—leaving my job and studying my design course full time. Two years later I got my diploma.（我知道我需要做出更大的改变。经过一段时间的挣扎，我做出了一个艰难的决定，离开我的工作，并全职学习我的设计课程。两年后我拿到了毕业证书。）”可知，作者为了恢复她有创造力的生活，她参加了一个缝纫班，并参加了一个兼职设计课程，辞去了工作，去上时装设计课，根据题目要求，从中选出两点事实即可，不超过 15 个词。故答案为 She quit/quitted her job and took the fashion-design course./ She attended a sewing class and took a part-time design course.

【60 题详解】

开放题。题目询问“你认为作者是你的榜样吗？请解释一下原因。”本题为开放性试题，根据自己的理解，言之有理，符合文章内容即可，不超过 20 个词，如果答案是肯定的，原因可以是“She has the courage to follow her heart and do what she really likes.（她有勇气追随自己的心，做自己真正喜欢的事。）”；如果答案是否定的，原因可以是“I don’t like changes and I want to live a secure life.（我不喜欢变化，我想过安全的生活。）”。故答案为 Yes, (I do). She has the courage to follow her heart and do what she really likes./ Yes, (I do). I’d like to live a creative life and make changes when necessary as she./ No, (I don’t). I don’t like changes and I want to live a secure life.

第二节：书面表达(满分 25 分)

61. 假设你是晨光中学的李津。我市为外国友人提供生活信息的某英文网站新增了 《最美中华》栏目，请你给该栏目投稿，介绍一个国内你喜欢或去过的地方。内容包括：

(1)该地方的基本情况(如名称、地理位置等)；

(2)该地方的特色(如文化、景点等)；

(3)你对该地方的印象和感受。

注意：(1)词数不少于 100；

(2)可适当加入细节，使内容充实、行文连贯。

A Beautiful Place in China

March 19, 2021

By Li Jin

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【答案】A Beautiful Place in China

March 19, 2021

By Li Jin

Sichuan Province is located in southwestern part of China. It enjoys many world-famous places of interest, such as Jiuzhaigou and Dujiangyan Irrigation project.

Jiuzhaigou National Park is a nature reserve in the north of Sichuan Province. What is the most impressive is its many multi-level waterfalls and colorful lakes. What’s more , walking in the nature reserve, you have a chance to see rare animals like giant pandas, golden monkeys. There are also many species of rare plants protected here. Another famous scenic spot is Dujiangyan Irrigation Project. It dates from over 2,000 years ago. However, it is still playing an important part in irrigation today.

I’m sure the visitors will be amazed by the beautiful scenery in Jiazhaigou as well as the construction Dujiangyan Irrigation Project.

【解析】

【分析】本篇书面表达属于说明文，要求给英文网站《最美中华》栏目投稿，介绍介绍一个国内你喜欢或去过的地方。

【详解】第一步：审题

体裁：说明文

时态： 一般现在时

结构：总分法

第一段是文章的总起段，说明四川省有很多著名的景点；第二段介绍景点九寨沟和都江堰灌溉工程，第三部分说明你对该地方的印象和感受。

要求：

1. 说明四川省有很多著名的景点

①四川的地理位置：中国西南部

②著名景点：九寨沟、都江堰灌溉工程

2. 介绍景点九寨沟和都江堰灌溉工程

① 九寨沟是自然保护区

②给人印象最深的层层叠叠的瀑布和五颜六色的湖泊，有很多珍稀动植物

③都江堰灌溉工程始于 2000 多年前，现在仍然起着灌溉的作用

3. 你对该地方的印象和感受：九寨沟的美景和都江堰灌溉工程的建造会让你惊叹

第二步:列提纲 （重点词组）

be located in；world-famous；places of interest；a nature reserve ；impressive；multi-level waterfalls；have a chance to do…；rare animals；scenic spot；date from；play an important part in；be amazed by

第三步：连词成句

(1) Sichuan Province is located in southwestern part of China.

(2) It enjoys many world-famous places of interest, such as Jiuzhaigou and Dujiangyan Irrigation project.

(3)Jiuzhaigou National Park is a nature reserve in the north of Sichuan Province.

(4) What is the most impressive is its many multi-level waterfalls and colorful lakes.

(5) Walking in the nature reserve, you have a chance to see rare animals such as giant pandas, golden monkeys.

(6) There are many species of rare plants protected here.

(7) Another famous scenic spot is Dujiangyan Irrigation Project.

(8) It dates from over 2,000 years ago.

(9) It is still playing an important part in irrigation today.

(10) I’m sure the visitors will be amazed by its construction.

根据提示及关键词（组）进行遣词造句，注意主谓一致和时态问题。

第四步：连句成篇

1.表递进关系：what is more

2.表转折关系：however

3.表示列举：such as, like

【点睛】[高分句型 1]

What is the most impressive is its many multi-level waterfalls and colorful lakes.（what 引导的主语从句）

[高分句型 2]

Walking in the nature reserve, you have a chance to see rare animals such as giant pandas, golden monkeys.（现在分词作状语）