2014 全国大纲卷高考真题

英　　语

第Ⅰ卷

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 个小题：每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一道小题，从每题所给的 A B C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15　　B. £9.18　C. £9.15

答案是 C

1. What does the woman want to do?

A. Find a place　　B. Buy a map　　C. Get an address

2. What will the man do for the woman?

A. Repair her car　　B. Give her a ride　　C. Pick up her aunt

3. Who might Mr. Peterson be?

A. A new professor.　　B. A department head.　　C. A company director

4. What does the man think of the book?

A. Quite difficult　　B. Very interesting　　C. Too simple

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A. Weather　　B. Clothes　　C. News

第二节（共 15 小题：每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或对白，每段对话或对白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置，听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题。每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 断材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why is Harry unwilling to join woman?

A. He has a pain in his knee.

B. He wants watch TV.

C. He is too lazy.

7. What will the woman probably do next?

A. stay at home　　B. Take Harry to hospital.　C. Do some exercise

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题

8. When will the man be home from work?

A. At 5:45　　B. At 6:15　　C. At 6:50

9. Where will the speakers go?

A. The Green House Cinema

B. The New State Cinema

C. The UME Cinema

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How will the speakers go to New York?

A. By air　　B. By Taxi　　C. By bus

11. Why are the speakers making the trip?

A. For business　　B. For shopping　　C. For holiday

12. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Driver and passenger　B. Husband and wife　Fellow workers

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. where does this conversation probably take place?

A. In a restaurant　　B. In an office　　C. In a classroom

14. What does John do now?

A. He’s trainer.　　B. He’s a tour guide　C. He’s a college student

15. How much can a new person for the first year?

A. $10,500　　B. $12,000　　C. $15,000

16. How many people will the woman hire?

A. Four　　B. Three　　C. Two

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How long has the speaker lived in a big city?

A. One year　　B. Ten years　　C. Eighteen years.

18. What is the speaker’s opinion on public transport?

A. It’s comfortable　　B. It’s time-saving　　C. It’s cheap

19. Whay is good about living in a small town?

A. It’s safer　　B. It’s healthier　　C. It’s more convenient

20. What kind of life does the speakers seem to like most?

A. Busy,　　B. Colourful.　　C. Quiet

第二部分　　英语知识运用(共两节，满分 45 分)

第一节 单项填空(共 15 小题:每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中.选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. --- I'm sorry for breaking the cup.

--- Oh, ____ --I've got plenty.

A. forget it　　B. my pleasure　　C. help yourself　　D. pardon me

22. Unless extra money____, the theatre will close.

A. was found　　B. finds　　C. is found　　D. found

23. Toady there are more airplanes _____ more people than ever before in the skies.

A. carry　　B. carrying　　C. carried　　D. to be carrying

24. Exactly ____ the potato was introduced into Europe is uncertain, but it was probably around 1565.

A. whether　　B. why　　C. when　　D. how

25. --- Who's that at the door?

--- _____ is the milkman.

A. He　　B. It　　C. This　　D. That

26. _____ the nurses want a pay increase, they want reduced hours as well.

A. Not do only　　B. Do not only　　C. Only not do　　D. Not only do

27. Raymond's parents wanted him to have _____ possible education.

A. good　　B. better　　C. best　　D. the best

28. I think Mrs. Stark could be _____ between 50 and 60 years of age.

A. anywhere　　B. anybody　　C. anyhow　　D. anything

29. September 30 is the day _____ which you must pay your bill.

A. by　　B. for　　C. with　　D. in

30. Although you _____ find bargains in London, it's not generally a cheap place to shop.

A. should　　B. need　　C. must　　D. can

31. Caroline doesn't have a gift for music, but she _____ it with hard work.

A. goes back on　　B. takes away from　　C. makes up for　　D. catches up with

32. The reports went missing in 2012 and nobody _____ them since.

A. sees　　B. saw　　C. has seen　　D. had seen

33. _____ me tomorrow and I'll let you know the lab result.

A. Calling　　B. Call　　C. To call　　D. Having called

34. Henry was away from home for quiet a bit and _____ saw his family.

A. frequently　　B. seldom　　C. always　　D. usually

35. --- What did you do last weekend?

--- Nothing _____.

A. much B. else C. ever D. yet

第二节 完形填空(共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文.从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B. C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项小涂黑。

Joe Simpson and Simon Yates were the first people to climb the West Face of the Siula Grande in the Andes mountains. They reached the top _36 _, but on their way back conditions were very _37__. Joe fell and broke his leg. They both knew that if Simon _38__ alone, he would probably get back _39__. But Simon decided to risk his __40__ and try to lower Joe down the mountain on a rope（绳）.

As they __41__ down, the weather got worse. Then another __42___ occurred. They couldn't see or hear each other and, __43__, Simon lowered his friend over the edge of a precipice（峭壁）. It was ___44__ for Joe to climb back or for Simon to pull him up. Joe's _45__ was pulling Simon slowly towards the precipice. __46__, after more than an hour in the dark and the icy cold, Simon had to __47___. In tears, he cut the rope. Joe __48___ into a large crevasse（裂缝）in the ice below. He had no food or water and he was in terrible pain. He couldn't walk, but he __49__ to get out of the crevasse and started to __50__ towards their camp, nearly ten kilometers __51___.

Simon had _52__ the camp at the foot of the mountain. He thought that Joe must be __53__, but he didn't want to leave __54__. Three days later, in the middle of the night, he heard Joe's voice. He couldn't __55__ it. Joe was there, a few meters from their tent, still alive.

36. A. hurriedly	B. carefully	C. successfully	D. early
37. A. difficult	B. similar	C. special	D. normal
38. A. climbed	B. worked	C. rested	D. continued
39. A. unwillingly	B. safely	C. slowly	D. regretfully
40. A. fortune	B. time	C. health	D. life
41. A. lay	B. settled	C. went	D. looked
42. A. damage	B. storm	C. change	D. trouble
43. A. by mistake	B. by chance	C. by chance	D. by luck
44. A. unnecessary	B. practical	C. important	D. impossible
45. A. height	B. weight	C. strength	D. equipment
46. A. Finally	B. Patiently	C. Surely	D. Quickly
47. A. stand back	B. take a rest	C. make a decision	D. hold on
48. A. jumped	B. fell	C. escaped	D. backed
49. A. managed	B. planned	C. waited	D. hoped
50. A. run	B. skate	C. move	D. march
51. A. around	B. away	C. above	D. along
52. A. headed for	B. travelled	C. left for	D. returned to
53. A. dead	B. hurt	C. weak	D. late

54. A. secretly B. tiredly C. immediately D. anxiously

55. A. find B. believe C. make D. accept

第三部分 阅读理解（共 20 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A, B, C 和 D)中，选出最佳选项.并在答且卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Arriving in Sydney on his own from India, my husband, Rashid, stayed in a hotel for a short time while looking for a house for me and our children.

During the first week of his stay, he went out one day to do some shopping. He came back in the late afternoon to discover that his suitcase was gone. He was extremely worried as the suitcase had all his important papers, including his passport（护照）.

He reported the case to the police and then sat there, lost and lonely in strange city, thinking of the terrible troubles of getting all the paperwork organized again from a distant country while trying to settle down in a new one.

Late in the evening, the phone rang. It was a stranger. He was trying to pronounce my husband's name and was asking him a lot of questions. Then he said they had found a pile of papers in their trash can（垃圾桶）that had been left out on the footpath.

My husband rushed to their home to find a kind family holding all his papers and documents（文件）. Their young daughter had gone to the trash can and found a pile of unfamiliar papers. Her parents had carefully sorted them out, although they had found mainly foreign addresses on most of the documents. At last they had seen a half-written letter in the pile in which my husband had given his new telephone number to a friend.

That family not only restored the important documents to us that day but also restored our faith and trust in people. We still remember their kindness and often send a warm wish their way.

56. What did Rashid plan to do after his arrival in Sydney?

A. Go shopping B. Find a house

C. Join his family D. Take his family

22. The girl's parents got Rashid's phone number from_____.

A. a friend of his family B. a Sydney policeman

C. a letter in his papers D. a stranger in Sydney

23. What does the underlined word "restored" in the last paragraph mean?

A. Showed B. Sent out

C. Delivered D. Gave back

24. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

A. From India to Australia. B. Living in a New Country.

C. Turning Trash to Treasure. D. In Search of New Friends.

B

Since the first Earth Day in 1970, Americans have gotten a lot "greener" toward the environment（环境）. "We didn't know at that time there even was an environment, let alone that there was a problem with it," says Bruce Anderson, president of Earth Day USA.

But what began as nothing important in public affairs has grown into a social movement. Business people, political leaders, university professors, and especially millions of grass-roots Americans are taking part in the movement. “The understanding has increased many, many times,” says Gaylord Nelson, the former governor from Wisconsin, who thought up the first Earth Day.

According to US government reports, emissions（排放）from cars and trucks have dropped from 10.3 million tons a year to 5.5 tons .The number of cities producing CO beyond the standard has been reduced from 40 to 9 .Although serious problems still remain and need to be dealt with , the world is a safer and healthier place .A kind of “Green thinking ” has become part of practices .

Great improvement has been achieved .In 1988 there were only 600 recycling（回收利用）programs; today in 1995 there are about 6,600 .Advanced lights ,motors , and building designs have helped save a lot of energy and therefore prevented pollution .

Twenty –five years ago , there were hardly any education programs for environment .Today , it’s hard to find a public school , university , or law school that does not have such a kind of program .” Until we do that, nothing else will change! ” say Bruce Anderson.

25 According to Anderson, before 1970, Americans had little idea about ___

A. the social movement B. recycling techniques

C. environmental problems D. the importance of Earth Day

26 Where does the support for environmental protection mainly come from?

A. The grass –roots level B. The business circle

C. Government officials D. University professors

27. What have \Americans achieved in environmental protection?

A. They have cut car emissions to the lowest

B. They have settled their environmental problems

C. They have lowered their CO levels in forty cities.

D. They have reduced pollution through effective measures.

28. What is especially important for environmental protection according to the last paragraph?

A. Education B. Planning

C. Green living D. CO reduction

C

One of the latest trend（趋势） in American Childcare is Chinese au pairs. Au Pair in Stamford, for example, has got increasing numbers of request for Chinese au pairs from aero to around 4,000 since 2004. And that’s true all across the country.

“I thought it would be useful for him to learn Chinese at an early age” Joseph Stocke, the managing director of a company, says of his 2-year old son. “I would at least like to give him the chance to use the language in the future,” After only six months of being cared by 25-year-old woman from China, the boy can already understand basic Chinese daily expressions, his dad says.

Li Drake, a Chinese native raising two children in Minnesota with an American husband, had another reason for looking for an au pair from China. She didn’t want her children to miss out on their roots.” Because I am Chinese, my husband and I wanted the children to keep exposed to(接触) the language and culture（文化）.” she says.

“Staying with a native speaker is better for children than simply sitting in a classroom,” says Suzanne Flynn, a professor in language education of Children.” But parents must understand that just one year with au pair is unlikely to produce wonders. Complete mastery demands continued learning until the age of 10 or 12.”

The popularity of au pairs from China has been strengthened by the increasing numbers of American parents who want their children who want their children to learn Chinese. It is expected that American demand for au pairs will continue to rise in the next few years.

29. What does that term" au pair" in the text mean?

A. A mother raising her children on her own

B. A child learning a foreign language at home

C. A professor in language education of children

D. A young foreign woman taking care of children.

30. Li Drake has her children study Chinese because she wants them _____.

A. to live in China some day B. to speak the language at home

C. to catch up wit other children D. to learn about the Chinese culture

31. What can we infer from the text?

A. Learning Chinese is becoming popular In America,

B. Educated woman do better in looking after children

C. Chinese au pairs need to improve their English Skills.

D. Children can learn a foreign language well in six months.

D

Metro Pocket Guide

Metrorail(地铁)

Each passenger needs a farecard to enter and go out. Up to two children under ago five may travel free with a paying customer.

Farecard machine are in every station, Bring small bills because there are no change machines in the station and farecard machine only provide up to $ 5 in change.

Get one of unlimited Metrorail rides with a One Day Pass. Buy it from a farecard machine in Metro stations. Use it after 9:30 a.m. until closing on weekdays, and all day on weekends and holidays.

Hours of Service

Open: 5 a.m Mon—Fri 7a.m. Sat—Sun.

Close: midnight Sun—Thur. 3a.m. Fri—Sat. nights

Last train time vary. To avoid (避免) missing the last train, please check the last train time posted in the station.

Metrobus

When paying with exact change, the fare is $ 1.35 . when paying with a smatTrip® CARD the fare is $1.25

Fares for the Senior /disabled customers

Senior citizens 65 and older and disabled customers may ride for half the regular fare. On Metrorail and Metrobus, use a senior/disabled farecard or SmarTrip® card. For more information about buying senior/disabled farecards, or SmarTrip® cards and passes, please visit MetroOpenDoors.com or call 202-637-7000 and 202-637-8000.

Senior citizens and disabled customers can get free guide on how to use proper Metrobus and Metrorail services by calling 202-962-1100

Travel tips

·Avoid riding during weekday rush periods –before 9:30 a.m. and between 4 and 6 p.m.

·If you lose something on a bus or train or in a station, please call Lost & Found at 202-962-1195.

32. What should you know about farecard machines?

A. They start selling tickets at 9:30 a.m. B. They are connected to change machines.

C. They offer special service to the elderly. D. They make change for no more than $5.

33. At what time does Metrorail stop service on Saturday?

A. At midnight B. at 3 a.m. C. at 5 a.m. D. at 7 p.m.

34. What is good about a SmarTrip® card?

A. It is convenient for old people B. It saves money for its users

C. it can be bought at any time D. it is sold on the Internet.

35. Which number should you call if you lose something on the Metro?

A. 202-962-1195 B.202-962-1100

C.202-673-7000 D.202-673-8000

E

Which boy hasn't dreamed of being a cool secret agent（特工）? The wonderful fighting and the world-saving adventures are much more colourful than most people's everyday lives. Well, Cody Banks is just like any other boy, except that he is not just dreaming. He has a big secret his friends never know about. He was trained to be a spy（间谍）by a special CIA programme, which was made to look like a summer camp. He learned high-speed driving, hand-to-hand fighting and the use of high-tech tools.

After proving he could become a young hero by saving a baby from a runaway car, Banks gets his first real task. He must make friends with a popular girl at school, Natalie Connors. Then, he must spy on her father, a scientist who has developed a dangerous technology（技术）. Banks must stop a group of bad people from forcing Natalie's father into using the technology to endanger the world.

The CIA may have taught him first-class self-defence moves, but they didn't show him hoe to talk to girls. Banks has zero ability when it comes to dealing with girls. How can he get around his problem and get an invitation to the girl's upcoming birthday party? Will he finally become Natalie's boyfriend and find out whatever he can about her father's work?

Agent Cody Banks has everything that young people are interested in: big explosions, breath-taking performances and funny girl-dating experiences. It was listed in No.2 in the American box office last week.

"This story is interesting and fun for the whole family to enjoy, and especially cool for young boys." said Paul Perkins, a film reviewer in the US.

72. What is Bank's first real task?

A. To test a high-tech tool B. To save a baby from a car

C. To study a new technology D. To watch a scientist secretly

73. Banks wanted to go to Natalie's birthday party to _____.

A. meet her father B. know more people

C. make friends with her D. steal some information

74. What is considered as a great danger in the text?

A. The technology developed by Natalie's father B. An explosion set off by some bad people C. The CIA's training of boys for its task D. Secret agents spying on scientists

75. What is the purpose of the text?

A. Making known the work of the CIA B. Telling the story about a cool boy

C. Showing the dark side of science D. Introducing a new film

第 II 卷

第四部分 写作(共两节.满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 l0 分)

此题要求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行作出判断:如无错误.在该行右边横线上画一个勾(√):如有错误(每行只有一个错误)，则按下列情况改正:

此行多一个词:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。在该行右边横线上写出该词，并也用斜线划掉。

此行缺一个词:在缺词处加一个肠字符号(A)，在该行右边横线上写出该加的词。

此行错一个词:在错的词下划一横线，在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词。

注意:原行没有错的不要改。

All of us need friendship. The understanding 76._____

between two friends mean both of them have similar 77._____

ideas and trusting each other. Otherwise, it is 78._____

impossible for him to help each other and to make 79._____

their friendship to last long. As an old saying goes, 80._____

"A friend in need is a friend indeed." So really friendship 81._____

should able to stand all sorts of tests. And it is 82._____

wise to have as many good friends that we can. 83._____

The more friends we have, the more we can learn for 84._____

one another, but the more pleasure we can share together. 85._____

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

一家英语报社向中学生征文，主题是"十年后的我"、请根据下列要求和你的想象完成短文、

1、 家庭
2、 工作
3、 业余生活

注意：1、次数 100 左右； 2、可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯； 3. 开头语已为你写好

I often imagine what my life will be like in the future.

参考答案

第一部分

1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. C 10. A

11. A 12. C 13. B 14. C 15. A 16. C 17. B 18. C 19. A 20. B

第二部分

第一节

21. A 22. C 23. B 24. C 25. B 26. D 27. D 28. A 29. A 30. D

31. C 32. C 33. B 34. B 35. A

第二节

36. C 37. A 38. D 39. B 40. D 41. C 42. D 43. A 44. D 45. B

46. A 47. C 48. B 49. A 50. C 51. B 52. D 53. A 54. C 55. B

第三部分

56. B 57. C 58. B 59. C 60. C 61. A 62. D 63. A 64. B 65. D

66. C 67. A 68. D 69. B 70. B 71. A 72. D 73. C 74. A 75. D

第四部分

第一节

All of us need friendship. The understanding between two friends mean both of them have similar ideas and trusting each other. Otherwise, it is impossible for him to help each other and to make their friendship to last long. As an old saying goes, "A friend in need is a friend indeed." So really friendship should ∧ able to stand all sorts of tests. And it is wise to have as many good friends that we can.

76. √

77. means

78. trust

79. them

80. to

81. real

82. be

83. as

The more friends we have, the more we can learn for 84. from

one another, but the more pleasure we can share together. 85. and

第二节

One Possible Version:

I often imagine what my life will be like in the future. I think my life will be very different in ten years. I will be twenty-eight years old by then. I will have my own family, probably with a lovely child. I hope I'll work in a computer company as a program designer. I'll enjoy my work and get along well with my colleagues. I'll do a good job in whatever I do. In my free time, I'll continue to take regular exercise, such as swimming, running and various ball games. On my holidays, I'll travel around the world. In a word, my life will be much richer and more colorful.